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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 40,062—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1894.

PRICE, 6 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Ports of interest about the Coast, Rail Guide, Information, the Routes between the Principal Northern, Central, Southern, and Western
WITH A COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the "Bombay Gazette," Steam Press.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Saturday. 1894.
R.I. BALLAARAT	4148	800	T. S. Angus	13th Jan.
P. SUTLEJ	4262	970	W. Worcester	20th "
R.I. SHANNON	4189	800	R. Crewe	27th "
P. CLYDE	4126	800	J. L. Parfitt	3rd Feb.
R.M. ORIENTAL	5645	1200	L. H. Meule	10th "
P. SUTLEJ	4262	970	W. Worcester	17th "
R.I. ROME	5545	1200	A. B. Daniell	24th "
P. GANGES	4262	800	G. W. Atkinson	3rd March.
R.I. CARTHAGE	5043	1600	M. de Horne	10th "
P. SUTLEJ	4262	970	W. Worcester	17th "
R.I. CLYDE	4126	970	J. L. Parfitt	24th "
P. GANGES	4262	970	G. Atkinson	31st "
R.I. OCEANA	5040	1600	E. Stewart	7th April.
P. SIAM	3609	800	H. Weuhell	14th "
R.I. ORIENTAL	5645	1200	L. H. Meule	21st "
P. ASSAM	3609	800	T. F. Creery	28th "
R.I. HIMALAYA	5886	2000	J. Orman	5th May.
P. SIAM	3609	800	H. Weinhell	12th "
R.I. TRAMES	4112	800	W. A. Seaton	19th "

The Steamers marked R.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.
‡ Only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers for Brindisi, Marseilles and London.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Tuesday 5 P.M.	Steamers.	Tons.	Horse Power.	Captain
March 20	Peninsular	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin.
April 17	Shannon	4189	800	E. Crewe.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. & O. Dockyard at Masgon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.
A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only hand-packages will be received.
The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage correctly labelled with Port of destination.
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Steamers leave Bomoay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia transhipp at Colombo:—
14th Jan.
7th Feb.
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For further particulars apply to
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Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 20th November, 1893.

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UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

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Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
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IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,194	750	1st March.

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	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
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Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
GISELA	P. Kossovich	1,233	350	9th Feb.
POSEIDON	A. Pollner	3,878	500	9th March.

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Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MARQ				
BACQUEHEM	G. Wallaschniz	4,409	350	21st Jan. 94.

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"ANCHOR" LINE.

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1894.

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ASIA	3,507	J. Laird	March 2.
PERSIA	3,547	R. Hutchison	March 17.
HISPANIA	3,980	S. Abrey	March 31.
ARABIA	3,516	C. H. Hillcoat	April 15.
BRITANNIA	3,099	J. Brown	May 3.

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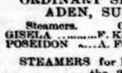

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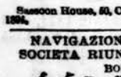

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"	" 4 large	" 100...	4 12
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BAHADUR No. 1	4½ "	"	100
BAHADUR " 2	4 "	"	100
BAHADUR " 3	3½ "	"	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS	4 "	"	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3 "	"	200

GENUINE BAHADURS are obtainable from all RESPECTABLE Dealers throughout India.
SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS,
McDOWELL & CO.,
MADRAS.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION.
"PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.
The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, loss of MUSCULAR POWER, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, EPILEPSY, &c., are speedily removed by means of **Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts,** which convey the electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of premature waste and decay.
Dr. C. HANDFIELD JONES, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says: "I am satisfied that Mr. PULVERMACHER is an honest and earnest labourer in the field of science, and I think he deserves to meet with every encouragement from the profession and scientific men."
Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."
For Full Price List and Particulars, see new Pamphlet, "GALVANISM: NATURE'S CHIEF RESTORER OF IMPAIRED VITAL ENERGY." Post free from
PULVERMACHER'S GALVANIC ESTABLISHMENT,
194, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.
(ESTABLISHED OVER FORTY YEARS).

A CONTRACT OF FORFEITURE
THE MOST PRACTICAL GUARANTEE.
PERFECTION ASSURED.
MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., Limited, the Practical Watch Manufacturers of Bombay and Poona, claiming as they do a pre-eminent position for their WATCHES, and guaranteeing, superlatively, the VERY BEST VALUE, propose to enter into a compact for the purchase of any of their MODEL WATCHES, with a view to proving in the most practical manner possible the immense superiority of their Pocket Watches over the thousands of Machine-made Watches now so extensively offered to the Public.
They agree to give to an approved or known Customer one of their PERFECT WATCHES for trial for a month, and if after the expiration of this period the Watch has been found to have kept time within one minute, the price of the Watch becomes due; but if, on the other hand, the Watch has varied over one minute, they agree not only to forfeit their claim to the value of the Watch but to
FORFEIT THE WATCH.
Under such an arrangement one cannot possibly get away from the fact that nothing but STERLING VALUE is offered; and it unquestionably proves the substantial confidence this Firm has in the recommendation of their productions in Watches.
Messrs MARCKS & Co., Limited, would not be flattering themselves in stating that they are the ONLY FIRM of Watch Manufacturers in India which is in a position to undertake such a risk.
ILLUSTRATED AND DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES FORWARDED FREE BY POST.
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
CHRONOMETER, WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS.
We solicit Inspection of our Large Stock of
CAMERAS, LENSES, DRY PLATES, SENSITIZED PAPER, &c., &c.
PLATES AND KODAK FILMS
DEVELOPED FOR
TRAVELLERS AND TOURISTS.
SEND FOR NEW PRICE LIST.
BOMBAY: Oriental Bank Buildings, Victoria House, Byculla, and Cumballa Hill.
PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,
PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMISTS.
POONA: "Temple House" Camp, and Blood war Path, Ghir.

TOBACCO
RESEMBLES
WHISKY
in one respect, no matter how fine the quality, both are considerably better when matured.
We guarantee that the fine Virginian Tobacco from which
FRUIT AND HONEY
TOBACCO
is made has laid in bond the requisite time, consequently
FRUIT AND HONEY TOBACCO
is the only Tobacco that justifies the term RARE OLD BONDED, and is, therefore, we claim superior to any other Pipe Tobacco before the Public.
THOMAS OGDEN, LIMITED, LIVERPOOL.
REPRESENTATIVE
MR. STANLEY OAKES,
13-2 GOVERNMENT PLACE,
CALCUTTA.
RETAIL of all respectable Dealers.

HER EXCELLENCY LADY HARRIS'
ROSE POUDRÉ BALL.
ROSES!
ROSES!!
ROSES!!!

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

THACKER & CO., Ld.
BOMBAY
WE HAVE NOW THE HONOUR OF SUPPLYING OVER 100 MESSES AND CANTEENS THROUGHOUT INDIA.
Your Crest correctly Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
For Rs. 16.
Your Monogram artistically Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
For Rs. 16.
Before Engraving Dies of Crests and Monograms, a PENCIL SKETCH is forwarded FREE OF CHARGE, and sunk in Steel when approved of.
STAMPING AND EMBOSSING
From Customers' own Dies, or from Dies already on hand.
ANY COLOUR.
PER 100 IMPRESSIONS .. .. Annas 8
PER 1,000 " .. .. Rs. 5 0
GOLD, SILVER, OR BRONZE.
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PER 1,000 " .. .. " 17 0
GOLD AND COLOURS.
Charges according to amount of work.
VISITING CARDS.
100 GENTLEMEN'S CARDS, one line with Plate .. .. } Rs. 3 0
100 LADIES' CARDS, one line with Plate .. .. } " 3 0
Other lines, such as Address and Club, charged Re. 1 per line extra.
THIS RATE IS FOR THICK OR THIN CARD.
We prefer keeping Steel Dies and Card Plates in hand; we are then accountable for their preservation from rust, scratches, or loss.
To OFFICERS of the Royal Horse Artillery, Royal Artillery, Royal Engineers, Medical Staff, and Indian Medical Service.
SMALL QUANTITIES OF STATIONERY HEADED WITH ANY OF THESE CRESTS ARE ALWAYS ON HAND.
Large quantities can be executed within three or four days from receipt of order.
BALL PROGRAMMES.
A Large Variety in Stock and constant renewals of the latest Designs.
SEND FOR SAMPLES.
MENU CARDS,
Folding and Single, in upwards of 200 varieties of elegant design, plain and illuminated.
PATTERNS FREE.
REGIMENTAL CRESTS.—DIES OF ALL BRITISH AND NATIVE REGIMENTS ON HAND.
Estimates and Samples free.
RUBBER STAMPS
Of every description manufactured by a special process, and of a specially prepared Rubber to withstand the Climate
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Comprising Invitations to Dinners, at Home, Honorary Members, Marriage, Lawn Tennis, Dances.
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When orders for Crests, Monograms, Stationery, &c., are left to our own choosing they are carried out in perfect taste and without extravagant expenditure.
THACKER & CO., Limited, BOMBAY,
Booksellers, Publishers, Stationers,
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE & DIRECTOR.....MR. HARRY STANLEY.

Continued and Pronounced Success of
HARRY STANLEY'S
Comic Opera and Burlesque Company.
TONIGHT! SATURDAY!! TO NIGHT!!!
(What Everyone has been asking for,
{THE COLLEEN BAWN}
{THE COLLEEN BAWN}
Mr. HARRY STANLEY will appear (By Request)
In Mesterly Portrayal of "MYLES-NA-COPALEEN" as played by him, with enormous success, in the Principal Theatres in all parts of the World, and will introduce the following Characteristic Songs:—"Pat Malloy;" "Little Shamrock;" "Captain Lawn;" "Tim Murphy;" and "O'Grady, The Tailor."
W. G. CAREY as "FATHER TOM."
MONDAY NEXT, "H. M. S. PINAFORE."
TUESDAY NEXT, "The SLEEPING BEAUTY."
(In Active Preparation.)
The Latest London Success—"UTOPIA."
Box Office and Plan at MITCHELL'S, Medows Street.
Prices as Usual.....T. EMPSON, Manager.

THE GREAT INDIAN CIRCUS,

On Esplanade, Opposite to Municipal Offices.
THE GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE
TO-DAY, SATURDAY, 13TH JANUARY,
For School Children, Ladies and Gentlemen.
For the Orphan Boys Free of Charges, but Head Master must apply to the Manager on Friday.
Doors Open, 3.30 P.M. Performance Commences, 4 P.M.
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
There will be Three Prizes given at the Great Indian Circus for Jumping, Boxing, and for the best Violin Player on Horseback.
1. Boxing.—The best of 3 rounds, Rs. 5.
2. High Jump.—The best High Jumper, Rs. 10.
3. Violin Solos.—The best to get, Rs. 5.
All are requested to attend.
Men under the influence of liquor will not be allowed to enter the Ring.
The Grand Change of Programme!!
THE FLYING TRAPEZE ACT!
NEW HAROB ACT on Horse Back!
NEW PANTOMIME.
RATES of ADMISSION:—Box holding 4 chairs, Rs. 12; Reserved Seats, Rs. 2; Second, Re. 1; Third, As. 8; and Gallary, As. 4.
Season Seats for Native Ladies, As. 8.
Doors Open 3.30 p.m. Performance Commences 4 P.M.
LAST WEEK!
LAST FAREWELL WEEK!!
J. N. PAUL, Proprietor. A. H. GHOSAL, Manager.

A BOMBAY MASONIC BALL

Will be held in the
TOWN HALL,
On FRIDAY, 19TH JANUARY, 1894,
Under the Patronage of the
GRAND MASTER
Of all Scottish Freemasonry in India,
and the
DEPUTY DISTRICT GRAND MASTER
in
Charge of the District Grand Lodge, Bombay, E. C.
Tickets to admit a Mason or Non-Mason and Lady, Rs. 10, Extra Ladies Tickets, Rs. 5 each. May be obtained from:—
A. W. SEABROOK. J. H. FURNEAUX.
J. J. MARSHAND. G. McKENZIE.
G. B. FORDONJEE. C. R. ROBINSON.
W. KNOWLES. A. BENISTON.
C. ANDERSON.
J. F. PENNOCK.
HON SECRETARY, Lal Bagh, Parel.

S.S. "SHAT-EL-ARAB" has ARRIVED from LONDON via KARACHI, and DISCHARGES in PRINCES DOCK. CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our CUSTOMS SIGNATURE, and to take DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay. All goods must be surveyed in the Landing Shed by Steam-ers Surveyor, who will attain every morning. No notice will be taken of Packages removed to the Undesigned Warehouse, nor of claims sent in after steamer's Departure. Turpentine, etc., will be Discharged overside.
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO., Agents.
Bombay, 12th January, 1894.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

INTEREST WARRANTS for Half-year ending 31st December, 1893, including the DIVIDEND out of Surplus Profit for Half-year ended 30th June, 1893, have THIS DAY been posted.
G. A. BARNETT, Agent.
Victoria Terminus, Bombay, 12th January, 1894.

NOW READY.
"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.
Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12
Bombay Town .....As Post.

AN ENGLISH FIRM,

Manufacturers of SULPHUROUS ACID, SULPHITES and BISULPHITES of LIME, SODA and MAGNESIA, WANT an AGENT who could influence Trade among Brewers; also for a well-known Meat and Milk Preservative. Liberal Commission. Address, "AGENT," Anderson's Advertising Agency, 14, Cockspur Street, London, S. W.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

MAJOR G. M PORTER, R.E., will DELIVER a LECTURE at the above Institute, on THURSDAY, the 18th January, 1894, at 8.30 P.M.
Subject: "On some of the Materials available for building purposes in Bombay, illustrated by examples of the same."
Members, their Families and Friends are invited to attend.
H. HERBERT JONES, Honorary Secretary.

NOW READY.

Size 12 by 8½ inches, Full-bound Cloth. Price, Rs. 6½.
Handsomely Half-Bound Morocco, Price 14s.
AN ATLAS OF INDIA. Containing Sixteen Coloured Plates of Cities, Size, 11 by 12 Inches,
With Historical and Statistical Letterpress by Sir W. W. HUNTER, K. C. S. I., and a Complete Index of Names.
W. & A. K. JOHNSTON,
EDINA WORKS, EASTER ROAD, EDINBURGH:
4, WHITE HART STREET, WARWICK LANE, LONDON, E. C.
AND ALL BOOKSELLERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
TEAK LOG TIMBER.

THE Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, upto 1 P.M. (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, 24th instant, Tenders for the supply of any quantity up to 800 tons of best quality MOULMEIN RANGOON TEAK LOG TIMBER, for prompt delivery.
Tenderers to quote the price per ton of 50 cubic feet, delivered at the Company's Premises, Byculla, and state the maximum percentage of rejections allowed in the raft.
Tenders must be accompanied also by the specification of shipment, showing clearly whether the Timber tendered is Moulmein or Rangoon.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
ALFRED KING, General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 11th January, 1894.

J. M. J.

CONVENT OF THE SACRED HEART OF MARY,
MOUNT, SEAFORTH, NEAR LIVERPOOL.
Under the Patronage of
THE MOST REV. DR. O'REILLY,
LORD BISHOP OF LIVERPOOL.
The Mother House is at Besiers, South of France.

THIS Establishment was originally designed on the most extensive Scale by the INTERNATIONAL MARINE HYDROPATHIC COMPANY as a Health Resort One of its splendid features is the Winter Garden and Conservatories, a square extending over three-quarters of a mile, covered with glass.
Complete arrangements exist for heating the whole, so that during the severe weather the Pupils can enjoy a temperature of a warm climate.
The Course of Studies comprises Christian Doctrine and Sacred History; All the branches of a Solid English Education; Algebra Arithmetic, and Book-keeping; French and German; Freehand and Model Drawing Geometry and Perspective; Shading from Models and Caste; Painting, Music, Singing, Calisthenics; and Needlework of all kinds.
Pupils prepared for the University and other Local Examinations, including Examinations in Practical Music.

TERMS:

ENTRANCE FEE 1 GUINEA.
Pension £30 per Annum.
Terms for extras may be had on application.
A deduction is made in the pension when two Sisters are received together.
All payments are to be made in advance.
A Term's notice or pension is required previous to the removal of a pupil.
References must be given, and a certificate of good conduct is required when a young lady has been previously in another educational establishment.
Pupils are not allowed home during the School Terms unless in case of illness.
Visits are permitted on Sundays and Thursdays, from two o'clock till four.

The Vacation being exclusive of the scholastic year, the Terms are divided as follows:—
Michaelmas Term, from September 1st to December 23rd.
Lent Term, from January 7th, to Easter.
Easter term, from Easter to Middle of July.
For further particulars apply to
THE REV. MOTHER, at the Convent.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice that the FIRST SESSIONS of OYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on FRIDAY, the Second Day of February next, at 10 o'clock, in the Forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjuries, Misdemeanors and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences, had, done, or committed, within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Jurisdiction of the Said Court, and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done or committed, by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.
And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Special Commission, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Heinous Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.
And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place aforesaid, and not to depart without leave of the Court.
And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Constables, and also all Chief Constables and Superintendents of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments, and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 9th Day of January, 1894.
COWASJEE HORMUSJEE, Sheriff of Bombay.

NOTICES.

MR. HARRY BERTRAM THURBURN has been ADMITTED a PARTNER in our FIRM.
THOS. H. MOORE & Co.
Bombay, 11th January, 1894.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA SKY RACES, 1894.

OWING to the expected ARRIVAL of LORD ELGIN, on the Afternoon of the 20th Inst., the above RACES are POSTPONED. The Races will now take place on Saturday, the 27th Inst., and Saturday, the 3rd of February. The dates for Entries and Declarations are correspondingly altered.
R. A. WILLIS, Hon. Secretary.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of English and French Confectionery, Chocolate and Chocolate Creams, Cocoa, Nougat, Sugar Almonds, and Parisians, &c., &c. Also Ices, Wines and Spirits of the best quality, to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, 25, Church Gate Street.
C. HIRSCH.

THE VIENNA RESTAURANT.

BREAKFASTS, tiffins, and dinners, also per Plate, will be supplied at MODERATE RATES. Also Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Chocolate, Turkish Coffee, Russian Punch are obtainable from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M., at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, 25, Church Gate Street. Private Arrangements can be made per month on application to the above.
C. HIRSCH.

In the Matter of the ALFRED MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.
ધી આલફ્રેડ મેન્યુફેકચરીંગ કંપની, લીમીટેડની બાબતમાં.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Creditors of the above named Company are required, on or before 15th day of January, 1894, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors, if any, to the Undersigned, the Liquidator of the said Company, at the Office of Messrs. GREAVES, COTTON and COMPANY, at Bombay, and if so required by notice in writing from me, the said Liquidator, are to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.—Dated this 22nd day of December, 1893.
JOHN R. GREAVES, Liquidator.

THE ALFRED MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED, BROACH.
ધી આલફ્રેડ મેન્યુફેકચરીંગ કંપની, લીમીટેડ, ભરૂચ.

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of Section 183 of the Indian Companies Act 1882, that a GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the above named Company will be held at the Company's Registered Office, at Broach, on WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of January, 1894, at 4 of the clock (Madras Time), in the Afternoon, for the purpose of having an Account laid before them, showing the manner in which the Winding Up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator; and also, pursuant to Section 199 of the said Act, of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the Books, Accounts and Documents of the company and of the Liquidator thereof shall be disposed of.—Dated this 22nd day of December, 1893.
JOHN R. GREAVES, Liquidator.

THE ALBERT EDWARD MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.
ધી આલબર્ટ એડવર્ડ મીલ્સ કંપની, લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of Section 183 of the Indian Companies Act 1882, that a GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the above named Company will be held at the Company's Registered Office, at Broach, on WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of January, 1894, at 3 of the clock (Madras Time), in the Afternoon, for the purpose of having an Account laid before them, showing the manner in which the Winding Up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator; and also, pursuant to section 199 of the said Act, of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the Books, Accounts and Documents of the Company and of the Liquidator thereof shall be disposed of.—Dated this 22nd day of December, 1893.
JOHN R. GREAVES, Liquidator.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ALBERT EDWARD MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.
ધી આલબર્ટ એડવર્ડ મીલ્સ કંપની, લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Creditors of the above named Company are required, on or before 15th day of January, 1894, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors, if any, to the Undersigned, the Liquidator of the said Company, at the office of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Company, at Bombay, and if so required by notice in writing from me, the said Liquidator, are to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.—Dated th 22nd day of December, 1893.
JOHN R. GREAVES, Liquidator.

LIST OF ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been Granted to the Administrator General, Bombay, and of Estates which have come under his charge:—
HARRY LAWRENCE GORDON, late a Lieutenant in Her Majesty's 2nd Bombay Lancers.
JOHN ROBERTS PRICE, late Assistant Collector, Karachi.
ANTONIO MARIA REBELLO, late of Goa, Portuguese Inhabitant.
MICHAEL WILFRED HEARNS, late Guard, North-Western Railway, Sukkur.
A. W. KELLY, late Overseer, Military Works Department, Zhob Division.
ALEXANDER DE SA, late Subedar Major, 1st Bombay Grenadier Regiment.
EDWARD HALFPENNY, late of the Government Telegraph Department, Satara.
All persons having claims against, being indebted to or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates, are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the Undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the Undersigned at his Office within one month from the date of this Advertisement. At the Expiration of the said period the Assets of the Estates will be distributed, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.
L. RIVETT CARNAC, Administrator General.
Administrator General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 30th December, 1893.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 95 OF 1891.
MOWJEE CULLIANJEE, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Falkland Road, outside the Fort.....Plaintiff.
VERSUS
NENBAI, Widow of JAITHA PADAMSEY SHAMJEE, MOORJEE NARRON VASTA, all of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitants residing at Dariathan Road, outside the Fort, DYAL MOWJEE, residing at Falkland Road, outside the Fort, and The Honorable FRANCIS LAW LATHAM, Her Majesty's Advocate-General for Bombay.....Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above Suit, bearing date the first Day of December, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-two, the following Immoveable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, before G. H. Farran, Esquire, Commissioner of this Honorable Court, at his Office, in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the Twenty-fourth day of January, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-four, at the hour of Three o'clock in the Afternoon.
PARTICULARS:
LOT NO. 1.
All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff Mowjee Cullianjee, and the Defendants, Shamjee Moorjee and Narron Vasta, the Executors of the last Will and Testament of Thucker Jaitha Padamsey, in all that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mody Bazar or Cazee Syed Street, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by Admeasurement Nine-ty-three square yards or thereabouts, and Assessed by the Collector of Assessment formerly under Ward No. 1380, 1381, Street Nos. 225, 226, 226 A. and bounded as follows:—On or towards the East by Cazee Syed Street aforesaid, on or towards the West by the sweeper's passage, on or towards the South by the property Lot No. 2, hereinafter described, and on or towards the North by the house of Purmanunt Nursey, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Mowjee Cullianjee.
LOT NO. 2.
All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff, Mowjee Cullianjee, and the Defendants, Shamjee Moorjee and Narron Vasta, the Executors of the last Will and Testament of Thucker Jaitha Padamsey, in all that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mody Bazar or Cazee Syed Street, in the Island of Bombay, in the registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement One Hundred and six square yards and six-sixths of another square yard, or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of Bombay, under Collector's Old No. 701, Collector's New No. 611, Old Survey No. 493, New Survey No. 2773, and by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 1383-1382, Street No. 216, 216 and 220 A, and bounded as follows:—On or towards the East by Cazee Syed Street aforesaid, on or towards the West by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the North by Lot No. 1, being the property hereinbefore described, and on or towards the South by the house of Nowrojee Muljee Goonl Muljee, and which said premises are in the occupation of the tenants of the said Mowjee Cullianjee.
Further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner, or at the Office of Messrs. Little, Smith, Nicholson, and Bowen, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 1st day of December 1893.
G. H. FARRAN, Commissioner.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES. Rs. 32; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs 4. Horses standing at Livery on Commission Sale Rs. 3% per month, including horse-keeper; Commission on Horses bought and sold, 5%. Up-Country Commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the Yard. Single, Rs. 15; Double, Rs. 20. The Horse-Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every Class of Shoeing is done.

GRATEFUL! COMFORTING!!
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Remfry & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	90	
Thacker & Co.	2,000	500	100	60	975	
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	5	41	
Tophone Co.	9,000	25	25	10	199	
				25		

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 16 2
Carolus	" nom.
Mexican Dollars	" 194
Gold Five Franc Pieces	" 12-13 nom.
Bar Silver	" 93
Gold Leaf	" 25-7
Bar Gold, English	" 23-9
Bar Australian	" 23-8
Bar Bombay	" 25-7
Bar Pekin	" 24-8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per cent	101
Three-and-half per cents	99½-8
Municipal 5 percent. Debenture Loans	119
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1875	nom.
City of Paris Loan	250
Port Trust Bonds	102½
Four per cent. Port Trust Bond	105

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.		Rate.
London Banks	On demand	Rs. 1 2 0 3	3d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	Rs. 1 2 7- 6	
Do. do.	3 Months sight	Rs. 1 2 5 0	2d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	Rs. 31	
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	Rs. 31	10
Do. Credits	6 Do. do.	Rs. 31	32½
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	Rs. 31	16½
Do. Documents	6 Do. do.	Rs. 31	8½
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	Rs. 31	32½
France	6 Do. do.	256	
Do.	6 Do. do.	2 29	
Calcutta	At sight	100 3	32
Do.	60 days	99 7	3
Madras	At sight	100	3-32
Do.	30 days	99½	
China	30 days	177	nom.

At a recent sitting of the Commission of Agriculture evidence was given by Sir M. Hicks-Beach, who said he was the owner of 3,700 acres of land in Gloucestershire and 8,200 acres in Wiltshire. For thirty-five years he had spent the main part of his income on his estates, but now, in consequence of the decrease of rents, he could do little more than maintenance. He was in favour of small farms and of the further improvement of labourers' cottages, but could not see how English landowners could effect such improvements out of present rents. The great difficulty agriculturists had to contend with was the continuous fall in prices, to which there seemed no bottom.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Fifth Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.
Annual Sports and Dance, G. I. P. Railway Parel Gymkhana, 3 p.m.
Prize-Distribution, B. B. and C. I. Railway School, Parel.
The Rev. Archdeac on Goldwyer Lewis' Lecture on Liberty, Elphin stone College, 5-30 p.m.
Dinner to Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, Victoria Station Refreshment Rooms, 8 p.m.
Bombay Sailing Association, 4 p.m.
Universal Week of Prayer Meeting, Grant Road Methodist Church, 8-30 p.m.
Stanley Opera Company, ("Colleen Bawn") Gaiety Theatre, 9 p.m.
Grand Anatomical Museum, Boree Bunder.
The Great Indian Circus, Esplanade, 9 p.m.
Aryan Social Union, Lecture, People's Free Reading Room, Fort, 8 p.m.

BOWEN CHURCH, APOLLO BUNDER.—Lord Radstock will preach, at the 11 a.m. service, to-morrow.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Marquis of Bickingham entered, and the s. s. Giava and Pachumba left the dock yesterday.

SANKRANT.—On account of this Hindoo holiday, the High Court, the Mazagon Police Court, and the office of the Commissioner of Police were closed yesterday.

PRIZE-DISTRIBUTION.—The sixth annual prize-distribution of the Telugu Dnyan Ottejak Sabha will be held in the Girls' School, 9th Street, Kamatipura Bazaar Road, at 4 p. m., on Sunday, the 14th instant, under the presidency of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Ranade, C.I.E.

ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE UNION LECTURE.—The Ven. Archdeacon Goldwyer Lewis will deliver a public lecture "Some Reflections on Liberty, Ethical and Political," in the hall of the Elphinstone College, at 5-30 p.m. to-day. Professor Rashore thwaite will preside. The lecture is open to the public.

KALBADEVIE CHURCH.—The Rev. Fr. W. Wallrath, S.J., has again been appointed to the pulpit of the Cathedral of Our Lady of Hope, Kalbadevie. He is to preach there on the second and fourth Sundays of every month at eight in the morning. Subject matter for this year: "The Church of Christ and its Relations to Society."

A COMPLIMENTARY FUNCTION.—Miss Emmeline Da Cunha, daughter of Dr. J. Gerson Da Cunha, having recently passed her final examination in medicine, the Portuguese community in Bombay have subscribed, to present her with a congratulatory address. The presentation will be made this evening at the Skating Rink, at half-past eight and will be followed by a ball.

"BOWEN" M. E. SUNDAY SCHOOL.—The annual prize-distribution to the children of this school will be held this afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The Rev. J. B. Robinson, P. E., will preside; and Mr. James Morris will give a special address to the children. The treat promises to be attractive and enjoyable, and is open to all, especially to those interested in the welfare of children.

GOCULDAS TEJPAL HOSPITAL.—A special gathering of the students of the Gocouldas Tejpal High School, will be held to-morrow at 3 p.m., in the hall of the school, to celebrate the anniversary of the Aryan Vidyarthi Mandali (Debating Society) of that institution. Mr. Govardhanram Madhavram Tripathi, B.A., LL.B., will deliver a lecture on education. The Hon. Mr. Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik has consented to preside. The proceedings will be conducted in Gujerati.

CANTATA.—A sacred cantata, entitled, "Nativity," was given on Thursday evening, in the Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway. The various solos and choruses of this pretty little work received a very efficient interpretation by the carefully trained choir, the chorus. "O list the grand chorus we heard" being particularly well rendered. Mr. W. Peel presided at the organ. A collection was afterwards made on behalf of the organ fund of the Igatpuri Wesleyan Church.

BURNT TO DEATH.—An inquest was held by Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Coroner, yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, touching the death of one Krishna Somaji, aged thirty-five years, a mill-hand, employed in the Hope Mills, Dr. Lisle Road, and resided in Chinchpoty. At noon, on the 20th ultimo, a fire broke out in the mixing-room of the mills, and the deceased while trying to extinguish the flames, got his hands, forearms, legs, and the whole of the left side of the face badly burnt. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died at half-past six o'clock, on Thursday evening. A verdict in accordance with the above facts was returned by the jury.

THE STANLEY OPERA COMPANY.—A change from gay to grave has been announced by this company, as to-night Dior, Boucicault's powerful drama, the "Colleen Bawn" will be placed on the boards of the Gaiety Theatre, when the audience will have the advantage of seeing and hearing Captain Harry Stanley in his masterly portrayal of "Myles-Na-Copaleen." It is hoped the public will continue their kind patronage, which they have accorded when the comic operas were produced. From the advertisement in the other columns, it will be seen that Mr. Stanley will introduce the following characteristic songs:—"Pat Malloy," "Dear Little Shamrock," "Cruskin Lawn," "Tim Flaherty," and "O'Grady the Tailor," which are so popular with the theatre-going public.

FATAL RESULT OF A MOTHER'S NEGLIGENCE.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Coroner, held an inquest, yesterday, at the morgue, regarding the death of a Hindu boy, named Shunker Annaji, aged three years, the son of a mallee, employed in the Bombay Gardens, residing at Arthur Road. At 5-30 a.m., on the 3rd instant, the mother, after having placed some [illegible] on the fire, went out in the passage, leaving the deceased playing in the cook-room. About five minutes afterwards the mother heard the deceased screaming, and on going into the cook-room found his shirt in flames, which she immediately put out, but not before the child was extensively burnt all over the body. Some writing ink was found on the burns, and the deceased was treated at home. On the 10th instant tetanus set in, and continued increasing until his death, which took place at 10 p.m., on Thursday. A verdict of death from burns was recorded.

FATAL RESULT OF EXCESSIVE DRINKING.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday, at the Gocouldas Tejpal Hospital, on the body of one Budda Bhoola, aged thirty-five years, a hamal, in the employ of Dr. McCarthy, and resided in his master's compound, at the Marine Lines. The deceased was addicted to drink, and sometimes got the worse for liquor. On Sunday, the 7th instant, at about 5-0 p.m., the deceased, while under the influence of liquor, was standing, and leaning against the railings of the compound of the Native Infantry Hospital, when he fell down and became unconscious. He was conveyed to the Gocouldass Tejpal Hospital, where he was was found to be suffering from peritonitis. He never recovered, and died yesterday morning at 3 o'clock. Dr. Easdon, the House Surgeon to the Gocouldass Tejpal Hospital, who held a post-mortem examination of the deceased, was of opinion that death was caused by peritonitis, following the rupture of the bladder, and that such rupture could have been caused by a fall on the abdomen. A verdict in accordance with the medical evidence was recorded.

AN OFFICIAL OF THE MYSORE GOVERNMENT ROBBED.—Mr. Misure Ramayan, Under-Secretary to the Mysore Government, who recently arrived in Bombay, went to see the fire, at Wari Bunder, last Thursday night. As he was standing with his friends in the midst of a crowd, Laxman Bhow, a Hindu, approached him stealthily from behind, and extracted a purse from the pocket of his coat. The complainant felt a jerk to his pocket and turning round was surprised to see the accused walking away with his purse. The complainant raised the cry of "thief, thief," which attracted the attention of several specemen, who detained the accused, and handed him over to the police. The accused was yesterday charged before Mr. Webb with stealing the purse from the complainant's pocket containing a cheque for Rs. 152 and Rs. 2 in cash. He denied the truth of the charge laid against him, stating that the case was a trumped-up one. Constable Flemming, to whom the accused was handed over having given evidence as to the accused being found on the ground, where the accused was standing, the magistrate sentenced the accused to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

ENTERTAINMENT AT IGATPURI.—The annual Christmas treat came off as usual in the carriage-shed, on the 5th inst., being a great success. There was a little change in the managing committee to that of last year by the election of Mr. Alcock as secretary who performed his most unthankful duties to the satisfaction of all. The taste displayed in the selection of toys by the secretary and the picturesque manner in which the dolls tree, and the tables where laid out by Mr. Alcock reflects great credit upon him. Especially noticeable were the two refreshment tables. The children whose number was somewhat in excess of those of last year were highly pleased with the cakes, fruit, &c., and were overjoyed with the useful toys they received. The Rev. T. Corfield, B.A., and Mr. Bonner, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, joined in the distribution of the toys, assisted by several of the young ladies of Igatpuri. The two special prizes were drawn by Master Richardson and Miss Birt. After the treat the children with their parents joined in a dance to the strains of the Igatpuri band, and were very much pleased with the entertainment. We trust that Mr. Bonner will still continue to promote the harmony of the station, as he has always done by his affable disposition. Thanks are due to the committee in general for the successful manner in which the Christmas treat was carried out. Thanks are also due to the ladies who assisted in making the treat a complete success. The unanimous feeling of the ladies and gentlemen was that there is still room for improving the social life of Igatpuri. It would be an oversight not to mention the energetic secretary of the Railway Institute Mr. Ray, who is ever ready to encourage healthful recreation and amusements.

GOA NEWS.—The dissolution of the Portuguese Parliament has been confirmed. The general election of the deputies has been fixed for 11th February, and the new parliament will assemble on 7th March. The date for the election in Portuguese-India has not yet been fixed. It is reported that the Government in Portugal have indicated the names of three candidates. For Bardez Mr. Conselancio Roque da Costa will seek re-election. The names of the other two candidates have not yet transpired. It is probable that the Progressist party will contest the election in all three circles.—The death of the mother of his Grace the Patriarch Archbishop is reported. His Grace visited her at Santa Maria, at Spain, before he left for India.—The departure of the Bishop of Damaun from Portugal to Bombay has been delayed owing to the serious illness of his brother.—The medical practitioners, and licencing chemists are ordered by the Health Department to register their names before the medical board with a declaration of their diplomas and licences before the end of March.—The dispute between the Rector and Captain Marquis Pereira (who claims to assume the charge of the chair of mathematics during the absence of the professor has been decided in favour of the former, who has been gazetted to teach the class.—Mr. Justice Abel Pinto of the High Court, and Mr. Misquitta the Judge of Damaun, have arrived and taken charge of their respective appointments.—The Provincial Council to which the report of the enquiry into mismanagement and irregularities in the affairs of the Municipality of Damaun was submitted have given their decision that they find no motive for dissolution or censure of the corporation.—There have been duplicate elections for the nomination of the Registration Committee for Ilhas and Bardez.—Mr. Luis de Britto Queiroba has been appointed forest officer to act during the absence of Mr. Mascarenhas Gaivao who has been transferred to Damaun to look after the survey of the Nagar-Aveley.—The Governor of Diu who has been to Bombay returned to Diu on the 5th instant.

A LECTURE OF LEARNED LENGTH.

A CORRESPONDENT, writing from Indore, says:—At the weekly meeting of the Dnyan Sampadak Club, held in Shrimant Kibay Saheb's new bungalow in camp, Indore, last Sunday evening, with Principal B. H. Gunion, B. A. (Oxon.), in the chair, Mr. L. N. Limaye, B. A., LL. B., read a paper on "University Education." Most of the gentlemen in the camp, including the students and teachers of the Rajkumar College, were present on the occasion. The proceedings were commenced by Shrimant Mahadeo Rao V. Kibey Saheb expressing the deep pleasure he felt in welcoming at the meeting of his club so many people of all varieties of class, position, and education. When the club was originally started, more than five years ago, he could hardly have expected that it would serve as a common ground for his fellow-students in the Rajkumar College to meet together in free and familiar intercourse, apart from the constraint and formality of the College classes, and thus engender friendly and social relations among themselves, their teachers, and the public outside. In conclusion, he requested the learned principal of the Residency College to take chair on the occasion. This request was seconded by his younger brother Nana Saheb, in a nice little speech delivered with his usual facility and boldness. The president then took the chair, and called upon the lecturer of the evening to begin with his paper. The essay was deeply argumentative, and expressed in high and forcible language admirably sustained from beginning to end. The main argument was to show the vast utility and importance of education in general, and of University education in particular, and to answer the objections usually urged against both these parts of his subject. In the midst of this interesting, though rather lengthy, lecture the chairman was obliged, on account of some urgent duty, to leave the room abruptly, to the wonder and disappointment of all present, most of whom seemed to be come there with the expectation of listening to the remarks of a learned Englishman on a paper read by a native graduate. The extreme importance of the subject had made the paper unavoidably lengthy, and it took up nearly two hours. Among the remarks that were passed upon the lecture afterwards in the meeting, one professor was good enough to say that he had found the paper sufficiently instructive and interesting, though the president had thought it too long, and therefore, below his notice. Another gentleman thought that circumstance to be rather vexatious, and moved that the meeting should express their deep regret at the absence of the chairman. Mr. Limaye, speaking on behalf of the club, said that though he agreed with the two gentlemen in the deep regret they had expressed at the misfortune, he was not prepared to regard it as a vexation, but he would rather take it as an instance of unflinching devotion to duty, which proved the keen interest the Rajkumars to their exercises, as they were not able to comprehend the argument of the lecture. The meeting then closed after an expression of thanks to the chairman, and all the gentlemen present, for honouring the club with their presence that evening.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. & O. Co.'s s. s. Ballaarat, Captain T. S. Angus, will sail to-day, for London, Brindisi, with the English mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Mrs F Palin and two infants
Mr Macrobin
Surg-Major-General J N Hoysted
Mrs Hoysted.
Mr Roberts
Mr C H Maxted
Miss Wilde
Mr H P M White
Mr Corley
Miss Taylor
Mrs Stewart and infant
Mr Quelch
Mr R L Cumberland
Mr J Holden
Col Gordon, R A

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr A H Leslie, Melville
Mr F Keary
Mr E Green
Sir Frederick Pellock.
Mr C P Fisher
Mr Thos Payne
Mr B Vative
Mrs W Henty
Miss Smith
Miss Mehrens
Mr W Crawford
Mr and Mrs W O Clark 2 children
Mr P R Wilson
Mr F W Colburn

FOR ISMAILIA,

Mr H Oppenhemi
Mr H J Oppenhemi

FOR PORT SAID.

Mr H M Gillig
Mr Clay M Greene
Mr and Mrs J Gillig
Mr F F S Ungar

FOR ADEN.—Mr and Mrs C Dinshaw.

The following passages have been engaged:—

Per s s Sutlej, Captain W Worcester, 3Rth January, 1894.
For Ismailia—Col and Mrs Galway.
Per s s Shannon, Captain E Crewe, 27th January, 1894.
For London—Mrs W C Spragus, Capt and Mrs R Greene and child, Mr. and Mrs D.T Bobertson and child, and General and Mrs Budgen, and Miss Tousaint.
For Brindisi—Mr Rothney.
Per s s Clyde, Captain J L Parfitt, 3rd February, 1894.
For Ismailia—Mr Laud, Mr Maroney, Miss Putten, Mrs Trounson, Mr and Mrs McEdwards, Mrs J Reynolds, Miss A Reynolds, Mr S Reynolds, Mr Gifford, and Dr Grundon.
Per s s Oriental, Captain L H C Moule, 10th February, 1894.
For London—Rev E Jempman, Miss Morris, Mr Hollway, Rev J O Morris, Miss Dawson, Miss Bowen, Mr Hearle and 2 infants, Mrs Biggs and infant, Mr W Macsoy and 3 children, Rev Gray, Mr J Macdonald, Mr H Macdonald, Mr F Murray, Mr J F Fraser, Surg-Major J Murphy, Mr D Dial, Miss Nicholson, and Mr C E way.
For Brindisi—Mr E H Thomas, Rev and Mrs G W Sawday, Mr H A J Walsh, and Mrs Rickie.
For Ismailia—Mrs Borwick, and two Misses Borwick.
Per s s Sutlej, Captain W Worcester, 17th February, 1894.
For Marseilles—Lord and Lady Bishop of Bombay.
Per s s Rome, Captain A B Daniel, 21th February, 1894.
For London—Mrs Hill, Miss Jameson, Mr and Mrs Lewis, Miss Smith, Mr and Mrs Alex Walker, Mrs Handley, Mrs L J Torrie, Major J H Rossiter, Miss Morris, Lord Bishop of Lahore, Miss Cowie, Miss Hilliday, Mrs Long and 2 children, Mr and Mrs R Boyd, Miss Allen, Mr B Dunkerley, Mr and Mrs J R Dunkerley, 2 children and infant, Capt and Mrs Carpendale and 2 infants, Miss Bowman, Lieut and Mrs Bruce, Miss Priestly, Mr, Mrs and Miss Marshall, Mr, and Mrs Bickmyre, Mrs. Hemsley and 3 children, Mr and Miss Marshall Mr J Stiven, and Mr Dunsterville and chnd.
For Brindisi—Mr Morgan, Mr and Mrs Hennessy; 2 Misses, Hennessy, Mr Osler, and Mr. F Fulford.
Per s s Ganges, Captain G Meinnes, 21st March, 1894.
For Brindisi—Mr and Lady Sarah Wilson, and Mr and Mrs F Hardcastle.
For Marseilles—Mr and Mrs Reid.
Per s s. Carthage, Captain M De Horne, 10th March, 1894.
For London—Mr Maugles, Mr and Mrs Child and infant, Mrs Newnham Davis, Mr and Mrs F B Young and 2 children, Mr Barday, Mis. Clay, Miss Parsley, Mr and Mrs Old Mackenzie, Mr and Mrs Temple Wright, Mr H Collett; Mr and Mrs E Reinold; Mrs Acworth and infant; Mr J Elliott; Mr and Mrs G S Bayley, child, and infant; Mr and Mrs Mc Clelland, Mr and Mrs W N Rattigan; Miss Rattigan; and Miss Beryl Higgin.
For Brindisi—Mr E P Dansey, and A W N Wyatt.
Per s.s. Sutlej, Captain W Worcester, 17th March, 1894.
For London—Rev W Bonnar.
Per s.s. Peninsular, Captain A C Loggin, 20th March, 1894
For London—Mr. Mrs and Miss Dryedale, Mrs Ismay, Miss Goodhall, Mrs, Robinson, Mrs D J T O'Brien and infant, Mrs D C H Hunter and child, Mrs R W Dillan and child, Lieut-Col and Mrs Lawrence and infant, three Misses Lawrence, Mr Maconochie and child, Rev J and Mrs Thomas and children, Mr Wakeman, Mrs and Miss Hebbert, two children and infant, Hon Mr and Mrs Elliott, Major and Mrs G W Bowper, 3 children and infant, Lieut. and Mrs H Bowper, Miss Morgan Bowen, Miss Perry, Mrs Harris, Mrs G C Hull, Mrs and Miss Pilcher, Mrs Tibbs and infant, Mrs A L Phillips, Mrs and Miss Hill, Mr W Hedenell, Mr and Mrs Capt E Wood, Capt and Mrs Penrose, infant and Miss Wilkinson.
For Marseilles—Mrs Skipton and Mrs and Miss Wilmer and child; Mr and Mrs H A Geyer, Mr A W Lester, Mr and Mrs Weir and child, Mr and Mrs H W Pike, Mr J S Campbell, Mr and Mrs H B Sandwith and infant Mr and Mrs W E Cooper, Rev and Mrs R Garside, Col and Mrs Arthur Prinsep, Major and Mrs Kelham, Mr and Mrs G McA Moir, Captain F Sandys-Lumsdaine, Mrs W P Kennedy, Mrs Down and two infants, Mrs Tweedy, child and infant, Mr and Mrs Brett, Two Misses Pridgeden, Mrs Bowman, Mr and Mrs Haig, Mr J E Dallas, Mr and Mrs J P Power, Miss Roche, Mr J S Elmore, Mr Walter Nutter, Captain Whimble, Mrs Whimble, Mr and Mrs A G Faichnie, two Mrs Faichnie, Captain A G Ramsay, Sir William Roberts, Major and Mrs de Vooux and two infants, Mr and Mrs Carlton, Col and Mrs Saward and child, Miss Saward, Dr F Hunt Cooke, Mrs Williamson, Mrs Armstrong and 3 children, Mr and Mrs Adeane, Miss Wyndham, Mrs H H Warden, Mr Gray, and Mr and Mrs Savage, child and infant.
Per s s Clyde, Capt J L Parfitt, 31st March 1894.
For London—Mr M D Howell, Col R O Cuthbert, Mr and Mrs Hardy and 2 infants, Mr and Mrs Jackson and 2 infants, Mr and Mrs Butt, Mr A W Trethewy, Miss Johnson, Mr and Mrs S A Challis, Mrs Hebbert and infant, Mrs and Miss Gray, Mr Barton Wright, Mr R V Mudgarkar, Mr S W Don, Mr Bartholomew, Capt H D Merewether, Mrs and Mrs Campion, Mrs Campion, and infant, Miss Evans, Mrs Chamlers and child, and Mr J W Thomas.
For Brindisi—Mr E Townsend.
Per s s Ganges, Captain W Atkins, 31st March, 1894.
For Marseilles—Mrs A M Musi, Sir James Lyall, and Capt G A Williams.
For Ismailia—Mr Boteler.
For London—Viscount and Viscountess Parker.
Per s s. Shannon, Captain R. Stewart, 7th April, 1894.
For London—Capt Smith, Col T Wingate; Mr A Smythers and son, Mr and Mrs H T Ross, Capt and Mrs Craster, Mrs Williamson and child, Mr C Cartwright, Mr and Mrs H T Dennys and child, Miss Hothams, Mr and Mrs Sewell, Mr H C Ferin, Dr and Mrs Quill, Mr D G Gordon, Mrs Henry Solomon and infant; Mrs Jackson, Mrs Napier, Mr F H Barrow, Rev J A and Mrs Sellar and two infants, Mr and Mrs G G Whitworth, Mr and Mrs McCann and child, Mr and Mrs Finlay, child, and infant, Mr Mitchell, Mrs Harvest and child, Mr and Mrs Parkes, child, and two infants, Rev A Tomory, Col Mrs and Miss Ferjett, General Pearson, Col W Cooke, and Mrs Denny and three children.
For Brindisi—Mr and Mrs Birch, Sir G Smyth, Lady Smyth, and two friends, Sir B Simpson and Major and Mrs Love and child.
For Ismailia—Rev and Mrs Small, and Miss Millard.
Per s s Slam, Captain H Weighell, 15th April, 1894.
For Brindisi—Col J A Little.
Per s.s. Shannon, Captain E Crewe, 17th April, 1894.
For Marseilles—Mrs F H Anshan, Mr Gray, Mrs C H Dalrymple Hay, Miss Smith, Mrs Mayne, two children, and friend, Mr Macleod, Col and Mrs J H Barnard, Sir Louis Hay, Mr J B Rutherford, Mr McConnel, Mr G

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Rate for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Heading.

WATCH and MARINE CHRONOMETER REPAIRS.—One Regular Department is in the hands of highly trained and experienced European Watch-makers, a fact which has gained for the Company a world-wide reputation, and the Public are invited to test the reasonableness of their charges. We defy competition.—MABORS & Co., Ltd., Jewellers and Watchmakers, Fort and Poona.

TAMBLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED via TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MALSHEJ GHAT, also from WAI to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PESCHOWAN, Diplomaed Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

ENGLISH OIL PAINTINGS.—A Large Variety are now being Offered for Sale at JOHN SMITH & Co.'s New Premises, No. 17, Hummum Street.

MILITARY HAIR BRUSHES, Satin Wood Backs, good White Bristles, in Solid Leather Cases, 14 per Pair, Cash or V. P. P.—MADHAM, PILE and Co., Bombay.

TRAYS and a Variety of useful and Ornamental Articles in Majolica, richly decorated with Gold, at 42, ESPLANADE ROAD. THEODOR KRAUST, 42, Esplanade Road.

TEAS!—GREAT REDUCTION!! Messrs. MORTON, MAJU and Co., in view to introducing Pure and Unadulterated Teas to RICH and POOR, are now offering, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, a class of Teas unsurpassed for DELICACY and PURITY of FLAVOUR. Price List on Application.—2, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

WANTED, BUYERS of Old Files, Horse Shoes, Cart Tyres, Wire Rods, Spindles, Wire Rope, etc., to send their Quotations to THOMAS W. WARD, Flemish Chambers, Sheffield, England.

A COMMODIOUS SHOP, TO BE LET, in Church Gate Street, lately occupied by D'Souza, Tea Merchant. Apply, next door, to P. D. KANGA & Co.

WONDERLAND NATIVE ART POTTERY.—School of Art Compound, Esplanade, NEW MALACHITE WARE, ready for Friends at Home, Names and Fancy Pots.

AUCTION SALE of Very Valuable and Artistic complete Suites of Furniture, etc. at Albert Building, Hornby Row, Fort, THIS DAY, at 1 P.M.

LOST.—LITTLE FOX-TERRIER, Black Head, with White mark down the middle of its face. It has a Black mark on one side of the neck, otherwise all white. Answers to the name of Pinch. It has a Steel Chain Collar on. Reward Rs. 10 to any one restoring it to the MANAGER, Great Western Hotel.

RELIABLE DOMESTIC SERVANTS, Fresh Fish, Fruit, yea, Ham, Bacon, Cheese, the best to be had. A treat for the gods. All good things provided for New Year's Day. We supplied the well-known Regimental Caterer, Mr. H. Winkler, during the Visit of H.R.H. the Duke of York, Albert Victor of Wales, H. I. H. the Czarewitch, H. R. H. Nicolaivitch, Esq., Arch-Duke of Austria, etc., at the Annual Tours of the Viceroy. Local and Country Orders our best and prompt attention. Small Money to cover a portion of the cost.—J. LEWIS & Co., 5, Military Square, Fort, Bombay.

FRESH CONSIGNEMENT JAVA CIGARS Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 at Rs. 24, 24, 4 and Rs. 1 12 per 100 respectively. These Cigars are manufactured of selected and thoroughly matured Java and Bindigul Tobaccos. They are of excellent flavour, but owner small, and the facilities which we at our command enable us to offer them at Lower Rates than other Brands.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., 25, Church, Gate Street, Fort, and 31, Abool Rhemaan Street, Crawford Market, Bombay. A Trial earnestly Solicited.

BUTTON-HOLE MACHINES at Extra Value for our V. S. L. F. Machines. Most perfect.—THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co.

CERTIFIED SPECIALIST in LEPROSY, —Dr. NARAYEN BHIKAJI successfully treats Red, Red and White Leprosy; also Elephantiasis. He can be Consulted at his Dispensary, No. 179, Kalbadevi Road, near the Post Office, Bombay.

VICTORIA for SALE.—In Good Condition, Owner has no further needof it.—Address "X. Y." care of this Office.

WINES and SPIRITS.—Old Chum Whisky, Bot. Rs. 3-12. Invalid Port, Bot. Re. 1-8. Green Seal Port, Bot. Rs. 2. Dry Sherry, Bot. Rs. 1-4. Yellow Seal Sherry, Bot. Rs. 2-4.—PEARSE and Co., Apollo St., Bombay. Price Lists free.

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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 12.

THOUGH somewhat intermittent, there has been, upon the whole, a good demand for Cotton both from exporters and local spinners during the past week, and a considerable business in the aggregate has been done, generally at advancing prices. For Seeds there has been a moderate enquiry from shippers, and the market has been steady on most days at some advance in the rate for Linseed; but Wheat has remained quiet, when not dull, at some decline in prices, and with business for export upon a small scale. A tendency to firmness in Exchange has again been checked by operations in Silver, and rates, becoming weak and declining in presence of this unsettling influence, closed this evening 3-32d. below last Friday evening's quotations for Bank and Private Paper. Money is less easy, and the Bank of Bombay has raised its rates by one per cent. Government Paper has declined ¼ per cent. in Fours; but the new 3½ per cent. Loan has advanced above par. Freights close weak with very little demand for prompt shipment, and next to none for distant loading; but with rates still quoted about 1s. per ton higher than they ruled last week. Business in Imports has been upon a much reduced scale; but prices of staple Manchester goods generally are not quotably lower.

MONEY.—The Statement of Affairs of the Presidency Bank, issued on Monday, again covered a week broken by holidays, and there was, consequently, again no very great change to note in any of the items of which it was made up; though, upon the whole, there had been a further falling off in the Cash Balance of some 11 lakhs since the end of the previous week, making the balance stand at 272 lakhs. To this decrease, however, withdrawals from the Bank's head office, only partly counterbalanced by additions at the branches, largely contributed, the movement in Money in connection with the trade demand having been confined to an addition of about 6 lakhs to Private Deposits, and, on the other hand, an increase to rather less than the same extent, both on Loans and Bills Discounted; the net result being an increase of about 5½ lakhs in trade requirements, compared with an addition of 9½ lakhs in the week preceding. At the Bank's Board meeting yesterday the rates of interest and discount were advanced by one per cent. and the minimum is now 5 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE opened last Saturday at the previous evening's closing rates of 1s. 3d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 1-32d. for Demand, and at 1s. 3 3-16d. for January-February delivery of three months' sight Credits; but, as usual on mail-days the amount of business passing either way was limited. A moderate amount of Credits were reported placed for January delivery at the above rate; and Telegraphic at 1s. 3 1-32d. for the same time, and Telegraphic at 1s. 3 1-16d. and Demand at 1s. 3 3-32d. for March. Rates on Monday morning were the same as at opening on Saturday, and remained at the same level throughout the day. For ready Bank media of remittance there was but little enquiry; but a moderate amount was taken for March, say, Telegraphic at 1s. 3 1-16d. and Demand at 1s. 3 3-32d.; a moderate amount of Merchants' Bills having also been reported placed at 1s. 3 3-16d., for ready and for-ward delivery. Of Silver, some ready sales were made, and there was a good enquiry for January-February shipment from the dealers; but no actual forward purchasers were reported. On Tuesday the market was very quiet all day, again opening at 1s. 3d. Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 1-32d. Demand, for Bank remittance, at which a moderate amount was taken; also a little Telegraphic, for January-February transfer. For three months' sight Credits, the rate ruling throughout the day was 1s. 3 3-16d. and little was placed at this rate; though something was reported to have been done in the middle of the day. Some Silver was placed, for January shipment, at 87, the ready cost price having been quoted at 89½. A weak feeling prevailed throughout the day on Wednesday, and the Bank Demand rate dropped temporarily to 1s. 2 15-16d.; but rallied again, and closed at 1s. 2 31-32d. Three months' sight Credits opened at 1s. 3 5-32d., at which a few Bills were placed; but a very fair amount of sales of Silver, both ready and for forward delivery being reported, the rate fell to 1s. 3 1-8d. for ready and future delivery. The market opened yesterday at Wednesday evening's rates, and a good supply of Merchants' Bills coming out at 1s. 3 1-8d., the feeling became somewhat firmer, and 1s. 2 21-32d. Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3d. for Demand were available for March transfer and delivery, respectively. Later on, however, large sales of Silver for January shipment, at 87¼ and 87½ took place, as soon as it was reported that the Government in Calcutta had refused to announce the question at the Viceregal Council on Wednesday with reference to the import duty on Silver, which again checked the tendency to firmness here. This morning the market opened weak at last evening's rates; but the reaction which then set in has continued to-day, and remitters seemed anxious to secure both ready and forward Exchange to a considerable extent further depressed the market. 1s. 3 3-32d. was offered for three months' sight Credits for any delivery without attracting sellers, and at the close we heard of 1s. 3 1-16d. being practicable, the market closing somewhat demoralized. We quote:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 2 29-32d.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 2 7-8d.
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 2 31-32d.
Do. 4 do.	1s. 3d.
Do. 6 do.	1s. 3 1-16d.
Credits 3 do.	1s. 3 3-32d.
Do. 6 do.	1s. 3 3-16d.
Documents, 3 months' sight	1s. 3 1-8d.
Do. 6 do.	1s. 3 7-32d.
Francs, 3 months' sight	158¾
Do. 6 do.	159¾

Further sales of Silver are again reported, the enquiry for the metal being as keen as ever, the effect of which may be daily observed from results.

GOVERNMENT PAPER was steady on last mail-day at the opening rates for Fours of 105 for Money, and 104 13-16 for Account, closing quotations having been upon the same level; with 99¼ quoted for the new 3½ per cent. Loan. On Monday, rates for Fours opened at 105 for cash, and 104 13-16 for the February settlement, and remained steady at these quotations during the greater part of the day; but towards the close, rates hardened, and left off about 1/8 per cent. higher than the above; with 99⅜ quoted for 3½ per cent. The market was weak on Tuesday, but with little doing; rates for Money or Account opening as 105 for Fours for cash, and 104 13-16 for the February settlement, rates afterwards receded 1-16 per cent., to 104 15-16 and 104¾ in the two positions, respectively, at about which level they closed. The new 3½ per cent. Loan closed at par. On Wednesday the feeling was weak again, and the opening quotations of 104 7-8 and 104 5-8 for Fours for Money and Account, respectively, soon receded 1-16 to 1/8 per cent., but recovered partially before the close, leaving off at 104 13-16 for cash and 104 9-16 to 5-8 for the February account. 3½ per Cents advanced to 100 1-8. The market continued weak yesterday for Fours, 104 13-16 having been quoted throughout the day for cash, 104 5-8 for the early February settlement; but the feeling was steadier at the close, and 104¾ was the final rate for money. To-day the price of Fours has further declined in a weak market, and closed at 104⅜ for Money and 104¼ to 9-16 for Account. The rate for the new 3½ per cent Loan left off at 100⅛.

MUNICIPAL five per cent. Loan is unchanged at 119, and Port Trust Bonds at 102½.

SHARES have been dealt in to a very small extent since the market re-opened after the late holidays, and during the past week the tendency in prices of Cotton Mill Scrip, where there has been any movement, has been in buyers' favour. Compared with our quotations of last Friday evening, we note a decline of Rs. 20 in Queen Mill shares; of Rs. 15 each in James Greaves, and Swadeshi; of Rs. 10 each in Connaught, Empress, Howard and Bullough, and Leopold; of Rs. 12½ in David; of Rs. 5 each in Imperial, Manockji Petit, and Mazagon, and of Rs. 2 in Anglo-Indian. Luckmidas, on the other hand, have advanced Rs. 92½; Hyderabad, Rs. 15; and Jivraz Balloo, Rs. 10. In Press Shares, East India have advanced Rs. 5; Manmar have declined Rs. 5; and Mofussil Rs. 3½. In miscellaneous shares, Bombay Flour Mill have advanced Rs. 22½. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 2½ higher.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—There has been a marked falling off in business in staple *Grey Goods* during the past week, owing, perhaps, to the large quantities lately sent up to the up-country markets, and remaining unsold. Dealers, how ever, are not disposed to make any appreciable reduction in their prices, because they cannot replace stocks by buying in Manchester at lower rates, the market there being firm again in sympathy with the improvement in Cotton. Supplies here are still moderate. In *Bleached, Dyed, Turkey Red,* and *Printed Goods* only a small business has been done, at current rates. There has been a moderate demand for *Locally made Goods* in heavy weights and *Chelars*; and some *Mawa T. Cloths* have moved a little. The total Clearances of *Imported Goods* are given at the greatly reduced figures of 3,500 packages; and of *Local Goods* there have been about 2,000 bales.

YARNS.—There has been a moderate enquiry for *Imported Twist*, and the market remains quiet in tone, with prices quite unchanged. China has purchased a few lots, generally of the lower counts, of *Local Spinnings*. No. 20s has been wired in small quantities; No. 24s has found a few buyers; No. 21s have been sold in moderate quantities for the Calcutta market. Rates are generally the same as before; but superior spinnings of No. 10s have advanced somewhat. The week's sales are estimated at 1,500 bales; and the market closed steady at the following official quotations:—

Twist...					per lb.
...	...	No. 6s Mule	As.	4¼ to 4 5/8	
...	...	... 8s	...	4 5/8 „ 4¾	...
...	...	... 10s	...	4 7/8 „ 5 1/8	...
...	...	... 12s	...	5 „ 5¼	...
...	...	... 16s	...	5 5/8 „ 5 7/8	...
...	...	... 20s	...	5 7/8 „ 6¼	...
...	...	... 24s	...	6¼ „ 6 5/8	...
...	...	... 30s	...	6¾ „ 7¼	...
...	...	... 40s	...	8 „ 8¼	...

METALS.—Both *Copper* and *Yellow Metal* have been taken to a moderate extent during the week in a steady market, but without any change in prices, and the same may be said of *Iron*.

COALS.—The market for this mineral has been quiet and easy during the past week, but no further sales of importance have been reported. Powell's Duffryn, for January-February, and February-March shipment are offering at Rs. 19½ and Rs. 18 per ton, respectively; and Davison's West Hartley at Rs. 16 for January-February shipment, and Rs. 15½ per ton for February-March. We quote alongside:—

Welsh Hartley	Rs.	(*nil*)
West Do.	„ 18	per ton.
Australian	„	(*nil*)
Powell's Duffryn	„ 21½	per ton.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—Last week closed with a cessation of demand for this staple from exporters, but a fair enquiry from local consumers, prices having declined Rs. 2 per candy; but on Monday the market became firm at an advance of Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 in rates, and a considerable business was again done by shippers, though much less for account of the Mills. Considerable transactions took place in both directions, on the following two days at a further material advance in rates, but thereafter the market lost its firmness, though it was still steady, prices having receded slightly. The business done by exporters during the week has amounted to about 8,000 bales, consisting mainly of purchases of ready new Oomra descriptions, and Bengal; but including some contracts in new Oomrawattee, for January-February delivery; while the Mills have taken some 6,000 bales of old, and ready new Oomras, and old Dhollera and Bhownugger, and a little new Hingunghat. This evening the market closed firm, with prices Rs. 4 to Rs. 6 higher than they were a week ago.

The Receipts of Cotton of the new crop during the past week have been 34,000 bales, compared with 33,300 bales in the week preceding, and 32,000 bales in the corresponding week last year; and the total arrivals of new Cotton this season to date show an increase of 4,000 bales as against those last season in the same time.

Beyond an insignificant fall at Agra in the Bengal circle, no further rain fell in any of the Cotton-growing districts after the despatch of the last previous official telegrams, and the messages received on Monday reported a return of bright, seasonable weather over the whole of the area. The Cotton was ready for picking at Broach; and in the Dhollera district of the Dhollera circle, in the Bhownugger district of which it was arriving in small quantities; while, in the Hubli district of the Dharwar circle, the plants were showing more improvement.

The weather has meantime remained favourable throughout the districts; but Arrivals are still upon a small scale in the Bengal and Oomra circles. Yesterday's telegrams reported that picking had partially begun at Broach; but the quality was not satisfactory.

We give below our usual yearly comparative statement of the Westward clearances of Cotton, from which it will be seen that the total clearances for the year just closed were 96,472 bales or 10·10 per cent. less than in 1892; the principal ports to which smaller missions were sent last year being Havre, Odessa, Liverpool, Trieste, and Genoa; while, on the other hand, there was a considerable increase to Antwerp and Hamburg.

The following are to-day's quotations for full pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool, via Canal without commission, viz:—

Cotton—		Per candy.	Per lb.
Broach Fine	(January)	Rs. 320 to 321.	
Do. F. G.		319 to 320.	
Do. Good		317 to 318.	
Belatee, Fine		320 to 321.	
Do. Fully Good		322 to 323.	
Khandeish, Fully Good		324 to 325.	
Do. Good		275 to 280.	
Omras F. Good	January-February	325 to 326.	
Do. Good		320 to 321.	
Broach, Fine	March	324 to 325.	
Do. Good		320 to 321.	
Dholleras, Fine	April-May	320 to 321.	
Do. F. G.		316 to 317.	
Do. Good		313 to 315.	
S. G. Dharwar, Good	May	320 to 321.	
Westerns		191 to 192.	

The arrivals of new crop Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season 1893-94.	Season 1892-93.
	F. P. Bales.	F. P. Bales.
Khandeish	68,500	84,000
Berar	71,500	59,000
Barsi and Nuggur	5,000	6,000
Bengals	70,000	58,000
Hingunghat	1,400	6,000
Persian and Sind	1,600	2,500
	218,000	214,500

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1894.	1893.	1892.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
For the week	36,811	36,622	39,939
From 1st to 11th January	62,488	59,985	40,099
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
For the Week	20,145	23,675	2,333
From 1st to 11th January	24,410	29,319	2,339
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
For the Week	3,936	5,056	1,521
From 1st to 11th January	3,939	8,854	1,521

WHEAT has remained quiet, and has latterly become dull in tone, only a small export business having been done from day to day; and in the earlier part of the week prices gave way 4 to 1 anna per cwt., making quotations stand as follows:—

White Peasy 91 per cent.	Rs.	3	11	6 per cwt.
Do. 86 „	„	3	10	0 „
No. 1 Club Delhi	„	3	10	0 „
Red Delhi	„	3	5	0 „
Hard Yellow	„	4	1	0 „
Red Ahmedabad	„	3	7	0 „
Hard Red	„	3	7	0 „

SEEDS, upon the whole, have been steady, with a moderate business passing for shippers' account. The price of *Linseed* advanced an anna per cwt. at the close of last week, and again to half that extent on Monday; while *Yellow Gusserat* declined one anna per cwt. Our closing quotations this evening are as follows:—

Linseed	Rs. 7-8-0	to Rs. 7-10-0 per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Gusserat	„ 6-8-0	to „ 6-9-0 „
Do. do. Cawnpore	„ 6-2-0	to „ 6-4-0 „
Do. Red do.	„ 5-13-0	to „ 5-15-0 „
Gingelly, White	„ 42-0-0	„ 43-0-0 per cdy.
Do. Mixed	„ 39-0-0	„ 40-0-0 „

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1894.	1893.	1892.
	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
Wheat for the Week	93,355	80,715	109,421
do. from 1st Jan. to 11th January	158,925	133,020	196,219
Linseed for the Week	38,563	18,368	16,856
do. from 1st Jan. to 11th January	52,785	33,276	28,304
Rapeseed for the Week	14,790	12,034	3,038
do. from 1st Jan. to 11th January	30,303	19,407	5,630
Gingellyseed for the Week	62,334	60,115	52,019
do. from 1st Jan. to 11th January	109,603	115,743	84,036

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1894.	1893.	1892.
	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
Wheat for the Week	116,508	149,164	31,970
do. from 1st Jan. to 11th January	221,902	268,064	35,970
Linseed for the Week	42,656	24,063	12,016
do. from 1st Jan. to 11th January	50,657	57,058	12,016
Rapeseed for the

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL ON THE SILVER QUESTION.

LONDON, JAN. 11.

In a letter, from Lord Randolph Churchill, to a correspondent, he says that he has always been an inexorable opponent of bimetallism; and he adduces the ruinous results of a bimetallic policy in America; and says that the upholding of a gold standard is essential to British credit.

SIMULTANEOUS EXAMINATIONS QUESTION.

Replying to a question by Mr. Curzon in the Commons Mr. Russell said that Lord Kimberley was examining the despatch of the Viceroy regarding the Simultaneous Examinations question.

THE TREASURY CRISIS IN AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, JAN. 11.

Secretary Carlisle has informed the Senate Committee that he wanted authority to issue three per cent. bonds running from three to five years to meet the imminent Treasury crisis owing to the depletion of the gold reserve. The Committee so far are unable to agree in the matter.

PARLIAMENTARY.

LONDON, JAN. 12.

In the appeal case of Mr. Sheikh Meeran Bukah, the Indian law student who was refused call to the Bar by the Benchers of Gray's Inn, judgment has been delivered in his favour.

In reply to a question from Mr. Caine in the Commons last night Mr. Russell promised that enquiries should be made concerning the conduct of Noakhali in the Balladhun murder cases.

He also promised Mr. Curzon to enquire into the mortality among the Cuttack pilgrims.

Replying to Sir W. Wedderburn Mr. Russell promised an enquiry into the hours of labour of the Indian Marine postal service.

ILLNESS OF LORD KIMBERLEY.

Lord Kimberley is seriously ill with an attack of bronchitis.

SIR GERALD PORTAL.

Sir Gerald Portal is still suffering from high fever.

THE HORNCASTLE ELECTION.

Lord Willoughby de Eresby, the Conservative candidate, has been elected for Horncastle in the place of the late Hon. E. Stanhope having polled four thousand eight hundred and eighty-two votes against three thousand seven hundred and forty polled by Mr. Torr, the Liberal candidate.

SPANISH REPUBLICAN MANIFESTO.

MADRID, JAN. 11.

A Manifesto by Senhor Zorilla has been published here, in which he announces the early advent of a Republic and promises financial, Naval and Military reforms, the extension of the Franchise and the protection of the interest of the Church.

He strongly condemns anarchism.

THE MAIL.

SUEZ, JAN. 11.

The s. s. Rome, with the outward English mails of the 5th instant, left here for Bombay, at 10 p.m., to-day.

THE NEW ARMY BILL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 12.

The Bill to amend the articles of war for her Majesty's Indian Forces is now before the Legislative Department, and this part of the new Army Bill will be proceeded with at once.

THE FAMINE INSURANCE GRANT.

It is reported that the Famine Insurance Grant will be sacrificed to the exigencies of the financial position in the coming year. This will mean a serious crippling of public works, says the *Pioneer*, now under consideration, and more particularly of the railways.

FEEDER RAILWAYS.

The directors of the Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway Company have come forward with the proposals for a cross country broad gauge line from Gharanda to Bhatinda; but it is more than doubtful if this route will be accepted in preference to that from Delhi to Bhatinda direct.

No final decision on the linking up of the narrow gauge system of railways in the North-West Provinces and Rajputana is likely to be given until the result of the survey between Bareilly and Saharanpur is known. This line would connect the metre gauge systems in the north and south of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway from Lucknow to Saharanpur.

DR. BRADSHAW'S SUCCESSOR.

By the death of Dr. Bradshaw, one of our inspectorships in the Presidency falls vacant, and in filling this appointment, says the *Pioneer*, an important principle, laid down in the new reorganisation scheme, becomes involved. According to this scheme, which has been forwarded to the Secretary of State for his approval, the graded Service, *i.e.*, the superior Service, is to be abolished, and a European Service substituted, while the present upper Subordinate Service it to be constituted the Provincial Service. These four inspectorships of schools are to be equally divided among the two Services—two appointments going to each. At present one of the inspectors is already a native who belongs to that branch of the Educational Department which will become the Provincial Service. If the Madras Government appoints a Provincial officer, the conditions laid down in the re-organisation scheme will be fulfilled. Some officers in the present graded list are anxious to secure the vacancy, and no little curiosity is evinced in Educational circles as to how the Local Government will act.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

Home Department.—The following gentlemen have been appointed Fellows of the Calcutta University:—The Hon. Justice C. H. Hill; the Very Rev. Father Naish, S.J., Rector, St. Xavier's College, Calcutta; Surgeon-Major G. Bomford, M.D. Principal, Medical College; Mr. J. S. Zemin; Doveton College; Mculvie Shums-ul-Huda, M.A., Messrs. Hirmubo Chundra Moitra; Surish Chundra Chowdhry; and Rajendra Sundar Trivedi.

The services of Lieutenant R. R. Vaughan, 22nd Bombay Infantry, have been replaced at the disposal of the North-West Provinces as Cantonment Magistrate.

Revenue and Agricultural Department.—Mr. H. S. K. Edie, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Public Works Department, and Mr. C. E. Day, Executive Engineer, Punjab, have been permitted to retire from the Service.

Dr. H. S. F. Warth, Madras, resumed charge of his duties as Deputy Superintendent, Geological Survey of India.

Military Department—The following officers have got promotions:—Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels—C. H. E. Adamson, C.I.E., R. K. Ridgeway, V. C.; G. Eliot, F. B. Pelle; J. B. Lynch; R. Gordon; and H. E. Penton. To be Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel—Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel E. R. Johnson.

Marine Department—Sub-Lieutenant E. J. C. Hodgers has been granted extension of leave for six months.

Public Works Department—Mr. J. Elston, Executive Engineer, State Railways, has been granted extension of leave for one year.

Mr. J. Robb has been appointed manager, Jorhat State Railway; Messrs. F. W. Chanter, Executive Engineer, Punjab; C. E. Day, Executive Engineer, Punjab; St. John Hewitt, Assistant Engineer, State Railways; have been permitted to retire from the service.

THE LANSDOWNE MEMORIAL.

To-day the preliminary meeting of the Lansdowne Memorial was held at the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, at which the Committee elected to discuss the idea of a bronze statue to the cost of about Rs. 80,000. Of this amount about Rs. 35,000 has already been promised

DESTRUCTIVE FIRES IN POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 12.

About one this morning a fire took place in the Lancers lines at Ghorpuri, destroying over Rs. 5,000 worth of grass. The European and Native Regiments promptly turned out, but owing to want of water could not render much assistance, save in keeping the flames from spreading to the other stacks. The fire raged throughout the day.

Yesterday afternoon a large fire took place at the stores at Bamburda, destroying over Rs. 1,000 worth of rupees grass. The first fire is still burning.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 12.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

24th (Baluchistan Regiment) Bombay Infantry—Major Pearson, Second-in-Command (officiating Commandant), to be Commandant with effect from 5th November, 1893, vice Colonel Nicholson vacated.

14th Bombay Infantry—Major Smith, Second-in-Command, 22nd Bombay Infantry, will officiate as Second-in-Command from the date of his joining.

With reference to G. O. G. 18 of 9th instant Brigadier-General Nicholson, C.B., A.-D.-C. to the Queen, is posted to the Deesa District, temporarily.

Lieutenant Lowis is directed to rejoin the 19th Bombay Infantry.

Lieutenant Bell, 44th Field Battery Royal Artillery, is directed to proceed from Mhow to England on his transfer to the Depot Field Artillery.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence:—Gloucestershire Regiment—2nd Capt. Baxter, to England, for six months, on private affairs; Royal Lancaster Regiment—2nd Honorary Lieutenant and Quarter-Master O'Neill, to England, for seven months, on private affairs.

THE DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT WARI BUNDER.

The fire which broke out on Thursday evening, shortly after five o'clock, at the Wari Bunder timber depots, although brought well under control during the night, continued burning the whole of yesterday. When our reporter left at two o'clock yesterday morning all five of the Municipal engines were still playing on the area under fire. An hour later, however, the strength of the flames had so far abated that Mr. Nicholls, the chief of the brigade, deemed it unnecessary to retain more than one steamer, and the others were sent to their respective stations, the staff of firemen on duty being reduced from 70 to 20 men. The crowd of onlookers also gradually diminished and by three o'clock, the vicinity of the fire was left for the most part with the members of the brigade, and the police. Earlier in the night some three or four pickpockets were caught in the act and arrested. Mr. Nicholls, the Superintendent of the Brigade, was present almost the whole night through, and is to be congratulated upon directing operations with such tact and foresight, as to avert what at one time seemed inevitable—the spread of the fire to the Mahalaxmi Mills and to the inhabited houses in the neighbourhood. As soon as the daylight broke crowds of people re-assembled on the scene, and the operations of the brigade were watched with the noisy gesticulation of an Eastern throng throughout the day. The heat from the smouldering was still very great. About ninety wood depots were consumed, some of them stored with wood valued at three-quarters of a lakh. With the exception of seven buildings on the south-east side the whole of the depots were destroyed, and comparatively speaking, only a very insignificant portion of the property they contained was saved.

The daylight has revealed the full extent and the destructive nature of the conflagration and when the smouldering embers are extinguished the plot of ground at the foot of Nasroji Hill will present a more desolate and barren aspect than it did before being built upon a few years ago, and becoming a depot for building materials of all sorts. The merchants whose depots have been saved have been busily engaged during the day in removing their timber to a place of greater safety. It is now pretty generally believed that the fire originated either by careless biddee smoking or by throwing a lighted match in a quantity of grass kept for feeding bullocks in a cow-shed. The shed where the fire broke out had a corrugated iron roof, and was situated on the western side of the yard.

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

The following is the official report of the fire, prepared by the Divisional Police Inspector, Mr. Fleming:—At 5-30 p.m., on the 11th instant, a fire broke out in a cattle-shed with corrugated iron roofing, belonging to one Narayen Kassiba, and situated in the centre of the ground, at the foot of the Nasroji Hill, and having Chinchpoogly Road as the eastern boundary. There were two cattle-sheds on this particular spot, which ran parallel to each other and capable of stabling 250 bullocks. Narayen Kassiba rented the stable to numerous tenants. The fire commenced in the centre of the shed, near Chinch Bunder Road, and then spread to numerous wood depots on that road. The spot in the shed, where the fire started was rented to one Gunpat Ramji, a cart-driver and owner of four bullocks. Ramji and his bullocks were not in the shed when the fire started. In fact with the exception of three milch buffaloes belonging to Anabai, there were no cattle in the shed, all being out at work. Fifty bundles of hay belonging to Ganpat Ramji was seen to be on fire by Anabai who was attending her buffaloes in the north-east corner of the shed. She raised an alarm when Koondaji Rungoo, Narayen Kassiba, and Pachola Javedeen rushed to the ignited hay and tried to extinguish it, but without any success. Inspector Fleming happened to notice the smoke while taking the usual Ramosee parade and at once sent a police sepoy No. B. 279 to the Baboola Tank telephone to call the fire-brigade. There was a lane twelve feet wide between the sheds and the stacks of timber at the back of the wood depot. This lane was used as a thoroughfare by people going to and from the grain stores further down. The cause assigned to the fire is that some passers-by threw a lighted bidee or a smouldering match unknowingly on the bundles of hay. The Pydhownee steamer was first on the scene at 5-45 p.m., and took up its position on Elphinstone Bridge. At 5-50 p.m. the Byculla steamer came up and stood at Walpakady side, shortly followed by the Chinchpoogly, Fort, and the Gowalia Tank steamers. The Prince's Dock steamer also arrived early on the scene. When the steamers arrived the two cattle-sheds were completely destroyed, and owing to the strong northerly breeze blowing at the time, the fire extended to the wood depots immediately opposite the shed, and caught a good hold of the timber stacked in the vicinity, and within an hour, three-fourths of the wood depot on Chinch Bunder Road and timber stacks were all on flames. Owing to the scarcity of water in the main at first, it was not until about 9-30 p.m. that the efforts of the fire-brigade to check the fire from spreading, met with any success. A quantity of cotton waste of the value of Rs. 300, belonging to the Mahaluxmee Spinning and Weaving Mills was destroyed by sparks from the burning wood depots, falling on it. The Prince's Dock steamer did good work in assisting the mill donkey engine in working a hose in extinguishing what might have been another large fire. At midnight the fire was completely brought under control, and by 1 a. m. yesterday all the steamers left, with the exception of the Fort steamer, which continued working until 11-30 a. m. yesterday, when it left. Since then water has been playing on the smouldering embers by hoses from stand pipes. The whole of the ground, covered by the fire, belongs to Mr. Jalbhoy Ardeshir Sett, and it extends about 300 yards in length and 150 yards in breadth. Thirty-four depots, belonging to twenty-seven persons were destroyed, and the damage caused to them is estimated at Rs. 2,38,400. Only two persons, named Ladakbai Haji and Haji Sooleman Haji Soma, have insured their property for Rs. 12,000, and Rs. 30,000 respectively. Two cow sheds and three sheds containing grain were also destroyed, and the damage done by their destruction is estimated at Rs. 23,000. Several dust carts, oil-lamps and posts, fencing and trees, belonging to the Municipality were also consumed and their damage is estimated at Rs. 295. One police chowkey was also destroyed, and the damage done to it is estimated at Rs. 50. The total damage done by the fire is etimated at Rs. 2,41,345.

MHOW CAMP-OF-INSTRUCTION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MHOW, JAN. 10.

To-day, the 10th of January, the Mhow Force continued its retreat in Mhow, closely pursued by the enemy from Neemuch. The Mhow Infantry Brigade took up its position in the heights to the north-west of Rand village, covered by the Cavalry and the Horse and Field Batteries. At the commencement of the day's hostilities the enemy's Batteries in line in front of Rangwasa village began firing at the Mhow Cavalry, which was proceeding to cover the advance of the Mhow Batteries; in this advance the Mhow Cavalry suffered heavily from the enemy's Artillery and the enemy's Cavalry charging at the same time the Mhow Cavalry was ordered to retire behind the village of Rand and the Horse Artillery to do the same thing, using one gun. The enemy's Infantry now advanced out of the Rangwasa Nullahs and advanced to try and take the Mhow Force in flank, and to drive them from their line of retreat. This they did to a certain extent, and finally the Mhow Force retired towards Betma closely pursued by the Neemuch Force; the enemy's Artillery being brought up in good style and placing the companies of the Mhow Force out of action, the enemy's Commander and staff being at the same time adjudged to have also lost their lives by coming under the fire of the machine-gun with the Mhow Force. The enemy's Cavalry at this time had worked round the left flank of the Mhow Force, but when advancing out on the open, south-west of Rand, were charged by the 7th Hussars, Mhow Force, they were put out of action for a time, a troop of the Mhow Cavalry catching a portion of the 19th Bombay Infantry, when coming up to outflank the enemy's Infantry, they (the 19th Bombay Infantry) were also put out of action. The Neemuch Brigade now re-formed and followed the Mhow Force, but were again forced to deploy as they met with determined opposition in the heights south-east of Rand. From here the enemy ceased the pursuit, and the Mhow Force retired in a strong position on the heights north-west of Akobia and Muchet.

A WOMAN OF SOME IMPORTANCE.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, DEC. 22.

The announcement of an address by Miss Eliza Orme, LL.B., the first English woman-lawyer, and the chief woman commissioner on labour, is enough at any time to draw an appreciative audience; not only of women interested in their own progress, of which Miss Orme's career is the best example, but of men who recognise her splendid talents, her clear judgment, her broad views, her sound commonsense, and value her opinion on any subject on which she elects to speak. So it was easy last Friday evening to fill the drawing-rooms at 31, Lower Seymour Street, Portman Square, without the additional attraction of a pleasant social hour for tea and talk, which the Hon'ble Mrs. William Napier offered her friends and co-workers of the Marylebone Women's Branch of the National Liberal Association. The Houses in Seymour Street have all the charm of age without its apparent disadvantages. The old-fashioned low-ceiled rooms accord better with modern taste in furniture, and the simple fitting and draperies make a pleasanter back-ground than the gorgeous and elaborate style of more recent architecture.

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In the drawing-room belowstairs an interesting collection of portraits divided the visitors' attention with such fleshy things as cake and coffee, while in the back drawing-room the few minutes' wait for the lecturer were whiled away in the enjoyment of charming landscapes in water-colour. There was no platform. The chairwoman, Mrs. James Bryce, sat in the curtained alcove of the window, a pink-shaded standard lamp throwing a rosy light on her and the lecturer's surroundings.

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In opening her address on "What the Liberal Government has done for Women" Miss Orme alluded to the position she has taken up on the subject of women's suffrage. Her refusal to press immediately on the Government the claims of women to representation on the same basis as it is extended to men, is not owing to an objection on her part or that of the ladies with whom she is co-operating to the extension of the full privileges of the franchise to women. On the contrary, she takes even a wider view. She advocates adult suffrage—a measure of still more significance. She is not satisfied to deal only with questions of legislation for women. She holds that women have much greater responsibilities. She insists on their right to co-operate with men in the making of laws that affect men—their husbands, brothers, sons, and sweethearts. And Miss Orme very justly contends that women who force the women's suffrage question in front of every other, no matter of what urgent importance to the masses, acknowledge a limitation of their claims to matters of their own sex interests, and ignore their full rights—the right of the individual—of the adult to representation in making the laws of the country.

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Adverting to the legislation of the Liberal Government on women's behalf, one of the most important changes of the law was, according to Miss Orme, the passing early in the seventies of the "Married Women's Property Act," which after some later amendments by the Conservatives was remodelled and improved into its present form in 1882. As the law now stands, the married woman has as much right, if she does not voluntarily surrender it by agreement, as the spinster to her own property; except of course in the case of joint matrimonial proprietorships where, as the saying is, "husband and wife are one, and that one is the husband."

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Another Act passed by the Liberal Government in women's favour was brought forward by Mr. James Bryce, M.P., husband of the chairwoman, to amend the law relating to the guardianship of children. Till then the most unfair system was legal of vesting all the power of appointing guardians in the father's hands—regardless of his fitness for the duty. Mr. Bryce's Bill gave the mother certain limited powers; but the law as regards married woman's rights in their children is still very far from perfect. But English married women can hardly wonder at the tardy recognition of their rights when emancipated American women still groan under legal disabilities as regards their guardianship of their children. Only six of the United States allow the married mother to be an equal owner and guardian of the minor children with their father. "If the mother has no ownership," says a writer on the subject, "in her little children whom she wins in the valley of death at the risk of her own life, she is indeed pauperised, most abject, most wretched." And this is the fact in many cases in the United Kingdom to-day.

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The appointment of ladies on the school-board was one of the earliest triumphs in the cause of women's emancipation, to which the Liberal Government can lay claim. Miss Orme described the immense enthusiasm, the overwhelming excitement of the first election when the lady-candidate was returned at the head of the poll. The appointment of women guardians of the poor, and of women poor law inspectors was also to be put to the credit of the Liberal administration. It was Mr. James Stansfield, M.P., to whom the wise idea occurred that the poor law would be more efficiently carried out if a woman's keen eye and ready resource were brought to bear on its working in addition to the business experience of the men to whom the inspection had been hitherto confided. The experiment was tried in the appointment of Mrs. Nassau, senior, and since then the capacity of women for such offices has been unchallenged.

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The most recent appointment of women as factory Inspectors is also due to the Liberal administration, though little credit is given to Mr. Asquith inasmuch as that Instead of needing only two woman inspectors for the proportion of women employed in manufacturing premises there should have been two hundred. But the fault was on the right side. It is easier to supplement the two original appointments than to suppress unsuccessful ones.

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In answering a question on "the Employer's Liability Bill" now before Government as it related to the ages of women to be employed in white lead factories, Miss Orme said that she looked doubtfully at any measures for restricting the freedom of women in earning a livelihood. It seemed to her a difficult question to settle—a choice of evils for the workers themselves to decide on—whether they would prefer to die slowly but surely of white lead poisoning or be driven suddenly to death by starvation from want of the means of subsistence. However, Miss Orme was decidedly in favour of the strongest preventive measures being enforced in factories, where these deadly trades are carried on a certain limited time—till 1896—being allowed for the improvements to be carried out; so that the women should not be suddenly turned adrift by employers who found their retention meant immediate outlay which the business could not afford.

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Miss Orme concluded her interesting address with an exhortation to her audience to study the various questions that come from time to time before the public. "Every question is a woman's question," she said. "Peace and war, finance and free trade affect women equally with men. Let women show themselves capable of appreciating their responsibilities broadly, and men will be willing to extend them equal privileges."

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A tremendous burst of applause followed Miss Orme's closing words. Then Miss Holyoake, whose name is well-known through her father, Mr. Jacob Holyoake, M.P., gave emphasis to all that Miss Orme had said by additional instances corroborating her facts. Another speaker succeeded Miss Holyoake, whose experiences in Manchester of the value of women on the poor law boards and board schools pointed even more strongly to their efficiency. After which with a round of votes of thanks the pleasant meeting terminated.

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Of Miss Orme as a private individual there is much that is pleasant to record; but except that she is charming in manner and appearance which all the world of London knows, no more can be said. Miss Orme abhors the modern system of literary vivisection, and will on no account submit to the operation of being interviewed.

"The future development of coffee planting in Burma seems to depend solely upon the capitalists who will come forward and invest in the lucrative business," writes the Rangoon *Times*. "From Java comes news of the discovery of a peculiar kind of caterpillar which has stripped the leaves from about 400 acres of coffee trees in two days." The mention of coffee-planting as a lucrative business and of this peculiar kind of caterpillar in the same breath is hardly conducive to capitalists coming forward.

From the 23rd to the 29th ultimo, 2 Europeans 8 East Indians, 14 Native Christians, 139 Hindus, and 46 Mahomedans died within the Municipal Limits of Madras, making a total of 409 persons. The average for the corresponding week of the ten previous years was 383. The deaths are thus classed:—6 from measles, 138 from fevers, 56 from dysentery, 19 from diarrhœa, and 190 from other diseases. The death-rate in the week under notice was 46·9 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of the ten previous years was 44·0 per 1,000 per annum.

Mr. Edwards-Moss, whose death is announced, was one of the most accomplished amateur oarsmen of his generation. He rowed in the Oxford boat in 1875, 1876, 1877, and 1878, and was probably the best number seven the Dark Blues ever had. The one mistake in his aquatic career at Oxford was his rowing stroke, on the bow side, in 1876. Oxford, though the crew included some exceptionally good men, lost the race with Cambridge, and in 1877—the dead heat year—and 1878 Mr. Edwards-Moss took his proper place behind Mr. Marriott. When Mr. Edwards-Moss gave up rowing he was far from losing his interest in the sport, and, as a most able coach, he has laboured year after year at Putney to impart some of his own extensive knowledge to a younger generation of Oxford oarsmen.

THE SON OF HIS FATHER.

[BY RUDYARD KIPLING.]

(Concluded from last Saturday's *Bombay Gazette*.)

Dalhousie was chosen as being the cheapest of the hill-stations; Dalhousie and a little five-roomed cottage full of mildew, tucked away among the rhododendrons.

Adam had been to Simla three or four times, and knew, by name, most of the tonga-drivers from Kalka to Tara Deva, but this new plan disquieted him. He came to me for information, his hands deep in his knickerbocker pockets, walking, step for step, as his father walked.

"There will be none of *bhai-bund* (brotherhood) up there," he said, disconsolately, "and they say that I must lie still in a doolie for a day and a night, being carried like a sheep. I wish to take some of my mounted men to Dalhousie."

I told him that there was a small boy, called Victor, at Dalhousie, who had a calf for a pet, and was allowed to play with it on the public roads. After that Adam could not sufficiently hurry the packing.

"First," said he, "I shall ask that man Victor to let me play with the cow's child. If he is *muggra* (ill-conditioned) I shall tell my policemen to take it away."

"But that is unjust," said Strickland, "and there is no order that the police should do injustice."

"When the Government pay is not sufficient and low caste men are promoted, what *can* an honest man do?" he replied, in the very touch and accent of Imam Din, and Strickland's eyebrows went up.

"You talk too much to the police, my son," he said.

"Always, about everything," said Adam, very promptly. "They say that when I am an officer I shall know as much as my father."

"God forbid, little one!"

"They say too that you are as clever as Shaitan to know things."

"They say that, do they?" and Strickland looked pleased. His pay was small, but he had his reputation, and it was dear to him.

"They say also—not to me, but to one another when they eat rice behind the wall—that in your own heart you esteem yourself as wise as Suleiman, who was cheated by Shaitan."

This time Strickland did not look so pleased. Adam, in all innocence, launched into a long story about Suleiman-bin-Daoud, who once, out of vanity, pitted his wits against Shaitan, and because God was not on his side Shaitan sent "a little devil of low caste," as Adam put it, who cheated him utterly and put him to shame before "all the other Rajas."

"By Gum!" said Strickland, when the tale was done, and went away while Adam took me to task for laughing at Imam Din's stories. I did not wonder that he was called Huzrut Adam, for he looked old as all time in his grave childhood sitting, bare-legged, his battered little helmet far at the back of his head, his forefinger wagging up and down, native fashion, and the wisdom of serpents on his unconscious lips.

That May, he went up to Dalhousie with his mother, and in those days the journey ended in fifty or sixty miles of uphill travel in a doolie or palanquin along a road winding through the Himalayas. Adam sat in the doolie with his mother, and Strickland rode and tied with me; a spare doolie following. The march began after we got out of the train at Pathankot, in a hot night among the rice and poppy-fields.

It was all new to Adam, and he had opinions to advance—notably about a fish that jumped in a wayside pond. "Now I know," he shouted, "how Khuda puts them there. First he makes them, and then he drops them down. That was a new one." Then, lifting his head to the stars, he cried: "Oh Khuda, do it again, but slowly, that I, Adam, may see."

But nothing happened, and the doolie-bearers lit the noisome dripping rag-torches, and Adam's eyes shone big in the dancing light, and we smelt the dry dust of the Plains that we were leaving after eleven months' hard work.

At a stated time the men ceased their drowsy, grunting tune, and sat down for a smoke. Between the guttering of their water pipes we could hear the cries of the beasts of the night, and the wind stirring in the folds of the mountain ahead. At the changing stations the voice of Adam, the first of men, would be lifted to rouse the sleepers in the huts till the fresh relay of bearers shambled from their cots and the relief pony with them.

Then we would re-form and go on, and by the time the moon rose, Adam was asleep, and there was no sound in the night except the grunting of the men, the husky murmur of some river a thousand feet down in the valley, and the squeaking of Strickland's saddle. So we went up from date palm to deodar, till the dawn wind came round a corner all fresh from the snows, and we snuffed it. I heard Strickland say: "Wife, my overcoat, please," and Adam, fretfully: "Where is Dalhousie and the cow's child?" and then I slept till Strickland turned me out of the warm doolie at seven o'clock, and I stepped out into all the splendour of a cool Hill day; the Plains sweltering twenty miles back and three thousand feet below.

Adam waked too, and needs must ride in front of me to ask a million questions, and shout at the monkeys and clap his hands when the painted pheasants bolted across our road; and hail every woodcutter and driver and pilgrim within sight, till we halted for breakfast at a staging-house. After breakfast, being a child, he went out to play with a train of bullock-drivers halted by the roadside, and we had to chase him out of a native liquor-shop where he was bargaining with a naked seven-year-old for a *mynah* in a bamboo cage.

Said he, wriggling on my pommel as we went on again: "There were four men *behosh* (insensible) at the back of that house. Wherefore do men grow *behosh* from drinking?"

"It is the nature of the water," I said, and, calling back, "Strick, what's that grogshop doing so close to the road? It's a temptation to anyone's servants."

"Dunno," said a sleepy voice in the doolie. "This is Kennedy's district. 'Twasn't here in my time."

"Truly the water smells bad," Adam went on. "I smelt it, but I did not get the *mynah* even for six annas. The woman of the house gave me a love-gift, that I found, playing near the verandah."

"And what was the gift, Father Adam."

"A nose ring for my ayah. Ohe! Ohe! Look at that camel with the bag on his nose." A string of loaded camels came cruising round the corner, as a fleet rounds a cape.

"Ho, Malik! Why does not a camel salaam like an elephant? His neck is long enough," Adam cried.

"The angel Jibrail made him a fool from the beginning," said the driver as he swayed on the top of the load-beast, and laughter ran all along the line of red-bearded men. "That is true," said Adam, and they laughed again.

At last, in the late afternoon, we came to Dalhousie, the loveliest of the hill-stations, and separated: Adam hardly to be restrained from setting out at once to find Victor and the "cow's child." I found them both, something to my trouble, next morning. The two young sinners had a calf on a taut line just at a sharp turn in the Mall, and were pretending that he was a Raja's elephant who had gone mad. But it was my horse that nearly went mad; and they shouted with delight. Then we began to talk, and Adam, by way of crushing Victor's repeated reminders that he and not "that other" was the owner of the calf, said: "It is true I have no cow's child; but a great dacoity has been done on my father."

"We came up together yesterday. There could have been nothing," I said.

"It was my mother's horse. She has been *dacoited* with beating and blows, and now it is so thin." He held his hands an inch apart. "My father is at the *tar*-house sending *tars*. Imam Din will cut off *all* their heads. I desire your saddle cloth for a howdah to my elephant. Give it me."

This was exciting, but not lucid. I went to the telegraph office and found Strickland in a black temper among many telegraph forms. A dishevelled, one-eyed groom, stood in a corner whimpering at intervals. He was a man whom Adam invariably addressed as—*Be-shakl, be-wkl, be-ank*—ugly, stupid, eyeless. It seemed, according to Strickland, that he had sent his wife's horse up to Dalhousie by road, a fortnight's march. This is the custom in Upper India. Among the foot hills near Dhunnera or Dhar, horse and man had been violently set upon in the night by four men, who had beaten the groom (his leg was bandaged from knee to ankle in proof), had incidentally beaten the horse, and had robbed the groom of the bucket and blanket, and all his money—eleven rupees, nine annas, three pies. Last, they had left him for dead by the wayside, where woodcutters had found and nursed him. Then the one-eyed man howled with anguish, thinking over his bruises. "They asked me if I was Strickland Sahib's servant, and I, thinking the protection of the name would be sufficient, spoke the truth. Then they beat me grievously."

"Hm!" said Strickland. "I thought they would not dacoit as a business on the Dalhousie road. This is meant for me personally—sheer *badmash* (impudence). All right."

In justice to a very hard-working class, it must be said that the thieves of Upper India have the keenest sense of humour. The last compliment that they can pay a police officer is to rob him, and if, as they often did, they can loot a Deputy Inspector-General of Police, on the eve of his retirement, of everything except the clothes on his back, their joy is complete. They cause letters of derision and telegrams of condolence to be sent to the victim; for of all men, thieves are most compelled to keep abreast of progress.

Strickland was a man of few words where his business was concerned. I had never seen a police officer robbed before, and I expected some excitement, but Strickland held his tongue. He took the groom's deposition and then retired into himself for a time—evolving thieves. Then he sent Kennedy, of the Pathankot charge, an official letter and an unofficial note. Kennedy's reply was purely unofficial, and it ran thus:—"This seems a compliment solely intended for you. My wonder is, you didn't get it before. The men are probably back in your district by this time. The Dhunnera and foot-hill people are highly respectable cultivators, and seeing my Assistant is an unlicked pup, and I can't trust my Inspector out of my sight, I'm not going to turn their harvest upside down with a police investigation. I'm run off my feet with vaccination police work. You'd better look at home. The Shubkudder Gang were through here a fortnight back. They laid up at the Amritsar Serai, and then worked down. No cases against them in my charge, but, remember, you lagged their malik for receiving in Prub Dyal's burglary. They owe you one."

"Exactly what I thought," said Strickland. "I had a notion it was the Shubkudder Gang from the first. We must make it pleasant for them at Peshawur, and in my district too. They're just the kind that would lie up under Imam Din's shadow."

From this point onward the wires began to be worked heavily. Strickland had a very fair knowledge of the Shubkudder Gang, gathered at first hand.

They were the same syndicate that had once stolen a Deputy Commissioner's cow, put horse-shoes on her, and taken her forty miles into the jungle before they lost interest in the joke. They added insult to insult by writing that the Deputy Commissioner's cows and horses were so much alike that it took them two days to find out the difference, and they would not lift the like of such cattle any more.

The District Superintendent at Peshawur replied to Strickland that he was expecting the Gang, and Strickland's Assistant in his own district, being young and full of zeal, sent up the most amazing clues.

"Now that's just what I want that young fool not to do," said Strickland. "He hasn't passed the Lower Standard yet, and he's an English boy born and bred, and his father before him. He has about as much tact as a bull, and he won't work quietly under my Inspector. I wish the Government would keep our service for country-born men. Those first five or six years give a man a pull that lasts him his life. Adam, if you were only old enough to be my 'Stunt?'" He looked down at the little fellow in the verandah. Adam was deeply interested in the dacoity, and unlike a child did not lose interest after the first week. On the contrary, he would ask his father every evening what had been done, and Strickland had drawn him a picture on the white wall of the verandah, showing the different towns in which policemen were on the look-out for the thieves. They were Amritsar, Jullunder, Phillour, Gurgaon, in case the Gang were moving south, Rawal Pindi, and Peshawur, with Multan. Adam looked up at the picture as he answered:

"There has been great *dikh* (trouble) in this case?"

"Very great trouble, I wish that thou wert a young man and my assistant to help me."

"Dost thou need help, my father," Adam asked curiously, with his head on one side.

"Very much."

"Leave it all alone. It is bad. Let loose everything."

"That must not be. Those beginning a business continue to the end."

"Thou wilt continue to the end? Dost thou not *know* who did the dacoity?"

Strickland shook his head. Adam turned to me with the same question, and I answered it in the same way.

"What foolish people!" he said, and turned his back on us. He showed plainly in all our dealings afterwards how we had fallen in his opinion. Strickland told me that he would sit at the door of his father's workroom and stare at him for half-an-hour at a time as he went through his papers. Strickland seemed to work harder over the case than if he had been in office in the Plains.

"And sometimes I look up and I fancy the little chap's laughing at me. It's an awful thing to have a son. You see he's your own and his own, and between the two you don't know quite how to handle him," said Strickland. "I wonder what in the world he thinks about."

I asked Adam this on my own account. He put his head on one side for a moment and replied: "In these days I think about great things. I do not play with Victor and the cow's child any more. He is only a baba."

At the end of the third week of Strickland's leave the result of Strickland's labours—labours that had made Mrs. Strickland more indignant against dacoits than anyone else—came to hand. The police at Peshawur reported that half the Shubkudder Gang were held at Peshawur to account for the possession of some blankets and a horse bucket: Strickland's Assistant had also four men under suspicion in his charge: and Imam Din must have stirred up Strickland's Inspector to investigations on his own account, for a string of incoherent telegrams came in from the Club Secretary in which he entreated, exhorted, and commanded Strickland to take his "mangy havildars" off the Club premises. "Your men, in servants' quarters here, examining cook. Marker indignant. Steward threatens resignation. Members furious. *Saises* stopped on roads. Shut up, or my resignation goes to Committee."

"How I wouldn't be in the least wonder," said Strickland, thoughtfully, to his wife, "if the Club was not just the place where a man would lie up. Billy Watson isn't at all pleased, though. I think I shall have to cut my leave by a week and go down with the *leais*. If there's anything to be told, the men will tell me."

Mrs. Strickland's eyes filled with tears. "I shall try to steal ten days if I can at Badar Kalit time." he said soothingly; "but I must go now. It will never do for the gang to think that they can dacoit my belongings."

That was in the forenoon, and Strickland asked me to tiffin to leave me some instructions about his big dog, with authority to rebuke those who did not attend to her. *Tiefleas* was growing too old and too fat to live in the Plains in the summer. When I came, Adam had climbed into his high chair at table, and Mrs. Strickland seemed ready to weep at any moment over the general misery of things.

"I go down the hill to-morrow, little son," said Strickland.

"Wherefore?" said Adam, reaching out for a ripe mango and burying his head in it.

"Imam Din has caught the men who did the dacoity, and there are also others at Peshawur under suspicion. I must go to see."

"*Bus!*" said Adam, between sucks at his mango, as Mrs. Strickland tucked the napkin round his neck. "Imam Din speaks lies. Do not go."

"It is necessary. There has been great *dith-dari* (trouble-giving)."

Adam came out of the fruit for a minute and laughed. Then, returning, he spoke between slow and deliberate mouthfuls.

"The dacoits live in Beshakl's head. They will never be caught. All people know that. The cook knows, and the scullion, and Rahim Baksh here."

"Nay," said the butler behind his chair, hastily.

"What should I know? Nothing at all does the servant of the Presence know."

"Accha," said Adam, and sucked on. "Only it is known."

"Speak, then," said Strickland. "What dost thou know? Remember the *sais* was beaten insensible."

"That was in the bad-water shop where I played when we came here. The boy who would not sell me the *mynah* for six annas told me that a one-eyed man had come there and drunk the bad waters and gone mad. He broke bedsteads. They hit him with a bamboo till he was *behosh*, and fearing he was dead they nursed him on milk—like a little baba. When I was playing first with the cow's child I asked Beshakl if he were that man, and he said no. But I knew, because many woodcutters asked him whether his head were whole now."

"But why," I interrupted, "did Beshakl tell lies?"

"Oh! he is a low-caste man and desired consideration. Now he is a witness in a great law case, and men will go to the jailkhana on his account. It was to give trouble and obtain notice

the lily cheek, which they will transform into a cheek of rose and lily.

What is a "living wage?" Everybody is asking this question. Surely the very meaning of a wage is that it is such a return for labour as will enable a man to live and keep his family, and maintain his own strength and efficiency. But up to what standard is a man to live? What is the standard of comfort? That, whatever it was once, has now gone up enormously. All this talk about a living wage means that the standard of comfort has to be fixed somehow, but that no Act of Parliament can fix it, because it necessarily goes up and down with the market, which must rule the wage, and the wage must rule the standard. For instance, the Law of Elsewhere Has'penny still rules the standard of comfort for the sweated needlewomen. It seems to me, considering the signs of the times and the tempers of the working classes, that we are rapidly advancing to such a change of mind that cheapness will no longer be recognised as the most desirable of all things, and when dearness will mean higher wages to the workman and not higher profits to his master.

If anyone has an old A.B.C. Hornbook to dispose of, I should be glad to have the offer of it. There cannot be many of them about the country, but there are probably some. I am reminded of the hornbook by reading that Mr. Andrew Tuer of the Leadenhall Press, is preparing a work on the various examples of this useful though humble piece of literature that exist in museums. Every Domestic Museum, that respects itself, should possess a hornbook. As for my own Museum, a good sampler, if any there are at a reasonable price, would be welcomed with gratitude—plus the reasonable price. I have recently acquired a specimen of the old-fashioned rushlight holder. It is a little iron thing like a pair of pincers on end, the pinching being caused by the weight of the free arm. In forged households this was the bedroom candlestick. An inch or two of rushlight was struck in this little contrivance; and it left just time to get into bed before the light went out.

THE MUNICIPAL BUDGET.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your criticism in Wednesday's issue on the Municipal Budget you observe at the very commencement of your article that the reduction of the Municipal revenue by the remission of one-half of the duty on grain and firewood would amount to rupees two lakhs and-a-half. A reference to page II. of the introductory remarks, appended to the Budget of the Standing Committee under the head of "Revenue for the year" would show that the diminution in the income of the Municipality resulting from the reduction in the town duties on grains and firewood is estimated at Rs. 1,26,000. You say that "the consequences of this reduction will be found very inconvenient in the not distant future." In coming to this conclusion it is strange that you should wholly ignore a feature of Municipal finance, which has become almost normal of late years, namely, that the income side has been invariably under-estimated by the Municipal Commissioner, the result of which is that the actual income at the end of the year shows a surplus of several lakhs over the estimates. You seem to have forgotten that in 1888-89 the actual surplus was more than 3 lakhs, in 1889-90 it was more than 4 lakhs, in 1890-91 it was more than 4½ lakhs, and in 1891-92 the surplus amounted to more than 7½ lakhs. If, therefore, the apparent result of the reduction by one-half the duty on grain and firewood be to cause a deficit of a lakh and a quarter, it is safe to suppose that this deficit would be more than made up by the actuals of the income at the close of the year, which on an average have shown a surplus amounting to at least three lakhs? Again, your statement that the reduction of the town duties is inaccurate. The Standing Committee took time to discuss this matter in all its bearings.

I now come to another point you raise, that the Health Department has been surprised of funds, which can only be disposed with at the cost of less efficient measures, and assert that it would be quite possible to reduce the budgeted figures of the Health Department by one-half, provided the streets now cleansed four times a day are only cleansed two, and those now cleansed once a day are only visited by the bullock sweeper twice a week. Nothing but a wrong conception of the facts could have led you to make this remark when you know as a matter of fact that for years past the Standing Committee has taken the figures of the Health Department on the word and faith of the head of the Municipal Executive. The result has been that in 1889-90 what I pointed out to the Standing Committee at the time that at the close of each year the Health Department has been found actually to spend less than its estimates by on an average a lakh and a quarter. And the fact was one which attracted the attention of Government, as would appear from the significant remarks in their resolution on the administration Report of the Municipality for 1891-92. Paragraph 3 of the Resolution says:—"The saving in the Public Health Department is due for the most part to over-estimates in establishment and new undertakings in the Conservancy Branch. This was also observable in previous years, and steps might be taken with advantage to approximate the budget figures to the ascertained requirements." The sub-committee appointed to consider this and other points in the Government Resolution freely owned that the Commissioner had come to the same conclusion as that which Government suggested, and that possibly it might be found feasible next year to reduce the budgetted expenditure still more. Nothing can be more clear than this admission, and when it was put before the Standing Committee, the Municipal Commissioner, Mr. Acworth, readily assented to reduce the various items in the Health Department by Rs. 66,000 from his own original proposals. If, therefore, there is any body responsible for the reduction in the grants for the Health Department it is the Municipal Commissioner whose reduced proposals, as meeting their views were adopted by the Standing Committee. But here I must take leave to point out that you are quite wrong in stating that the Committee have struck out an item of Rs. 13,000 per annum for water used by the Health Department. A reference to the Health Department budget at page 61 shows that for the budget year 1894-95 the Committee have allowed Rs. 15,150 for water plus rent of motors against Rs. 14,454 allowed for the current year and Rs. 14,708 as the actuals for 1892-93. Again, in the Halaikhore Branch the Committee have allowed for water Rs. 20,000 against a similar sum for the current year. For markets the water grant is Rs. 30,360 against Rs. 25,000 for the current year. For cemeteries the grant is Rs. 200 against Rs. 146; and for Milch Cow Stables it is Rs. 7,600 against Rs. 7,423 for the current year.

The yearly provision of a lakh of rupees for the repair of water-mains was reduced, because it is a fact that the accumulations of previous years have not been utilised, and because this reduction was eminently called for in the interest of balancing revenue and expenditure. As to the cutting down of items for new works, it is notorious for years past that more works are estimated for in a budget than those which the department is capable of executing in a year. In proof of this, one has only to refer to the progress reports to show how for years past this radically unsound policy has taken hold of the head of the executive. But it is useless to pursue this matter further.—Yours, &c.,

Jan. 12. COWASJEE HORMUSJEE.

TRAVELLING IN TURKISH ARABIA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—As you have travelled yourself through Turkish Arabia, and seen the many defects and inconveniences travellers and tourists are put to, I take the liberty of writing to you, to kindly inform your numerous circle of friends and others, who may be wishing now or at any future time to travel this way, that after having myself resided, and travelled over the best portion of this lower country during the last four years, I am prepared to undertake the organizing of caravans and accommodation for such person or persons, whom by your kind influence and recommendation may be introduced to me. Messrs. Thos. Cook and Sons and Messrs. H. Gaze and Sons, with whom I have been in communication in London, have no doubt written to their respective agents with regards to the accepting of passengers for these parts, which, previously, they have not been able to do except under special arrangements.

There is a party leaving here about the middle of March next, of which one of the Officers of H. M. I. M. s.s. Comet is joining, and perhaps the English Doctor from here.

Trusting that you will excuse the liberty of my correspondence, and thanking you for your kind assistance in advance.—Yours, &c.,

E. P. V. FOUCARD,

Bagdad, December 26.

An important Act relating to the sugar industry was recently passed by the Queensland Legislature, by which the Colonial Treasurer is empowered to permit any company to issue debentures for the purpose of defraying the cost of Sugar Works, and of the erection of same, on being satisfied that sufficient land has been planted with cane to keep such sugar works employed. These debentures, when issued by the permission of the Minister, are guaranteed by the Queensland Government to the holders, both for the payment of the principal in 15 years, and of the interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum. The provisions of the Sugar Works Guarantee Act of 1893, and pamphlets on the subject issued by the Agent-General for Queensland give every information on the general subject of sugar cultivation. Another Act passed in the same session for the encouragement of "meat and dairy produce" also deserves notice, as it empowers the Colonial Treasurer, out of special funds at his disposal, to advance to the proprietors of meat and dairy works any sum not exceeding 50 per centum of the cost of the works and machinery at 5 per cent. per annum, such advances and interest to be repaid within ten years, but such period of ten years will not commence until five years after the date of such advance.

SOZODONT.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Fioriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush or sponge, produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasantness of any arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Fioriline," being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price Rs. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 38, Farringdon Road, London, England.

ROYAL BOMBAY GOLF CLUB.

The following are the scores in the matches which have been played since our last report:—

ST. ANDREW'S GOLD MEDAL AND HANDICAP.

	1st round	2nd round	Total for Medal	Hndcp	Nett score.
Mr J Stoven	41	42	83	scratch	83a
Mr W H H Sprott	42	43	85	do	85
Mr W G Page	42	43	85	do	85
Dr D MacDonald	46	44	90	do	90
Capt R W Nicholson	45	50	95	–5	90
Mr E F Nicholson	45	46	91	–2	89
Mr C E Nixon	49	47	96	–6	90
Mr D Carmichael	50	49	99	–6	93
Mr W E Young	50	50	100	–6	94
Mr J E Dallas	52	48	100	–10	90

(a) Winner of Medal and Handicap.

The other players had higher scores or made no returns.

FORTY-TWA MEDAL HANDICAP.—(2nd Competition).

	Score	Hndcp	Nett score.
Mr W R H Sprott	42	scratch	42 (a
Mr D Carmichael	45	–3	42
Dr D MacDonald	44	scratch	44
Mr C E Nixon	47	–3	44
Mr J E Dallas	49	–3	46
Mr J Maclean	48	–3	45
Mr W E Young	49	–3	46
Mr W G Page	47	scratch	47
Mr J Stiven	48	–3	45
Capt R W Nicholson	53	–3	50

(a) Tie—On playing off the tie was won by Mr Sprott.

The other players had nett scores of over 50.

MADRAS MEDICAL COMPETITION.

	Score	Hndcp	Nett score.
Mr W E Dallas	46	–5	41a
Mr W G Page	42	scratch	42
Mr W E Young	46	–3	43
Mr C E Nixon	48	–3	45
Dr D MacDonald	46	scratch	46
Mr W R H Sprott	46	–	46
Mr E F Nicholson	47	–1	46
Mr W Milne	49	–3	46
Mr D Carmichael	52	–3	49
Mr R W Playfair	53	–3	50

The other players had nett scores of over 50.

CLEEK HANDICAP.

(Only a cleek and an iron to be used.)

	Score.	Hndcp.	Nett score.
Mr W R H Sprott	40	+1	41
Mr W G Page	42	scratch.	42
Mr J Maclean	50	–2	48
Mr W E Young	51	–2	49
Capt R W Nicholson	52	–2	50)
Mr C H S Boggs	54	–4	50
Mr A Jenkins	55	–5	50)

The other players had scores of over 50.

FORTY-TWA MEDAL HANDICAP.

(Third competition.)

	Score	Hndcp	nett score.
Mr C E Nixon	45	–3	12a)
Mr Maclean	45	–3	42
Dr D MacDonald	43	scratch	43
Mr W G Page	44	44	
Mr D Carmichael	47	–3	44
Mr W R H Sprott	41	+2	46
Mr A Stephen	52	–6	46
Mr W E Young	50	–3	47
Mr J Stiven	48	–3	49

(a) Mr Nixon won after a tie with Mr Maclean.

The other players had nett scores of over 50.

BLACKHEATH GOLD MEDAL AND HANDICAP.

	1st round	2nd Tin.	Total Medl.	Hndcp. for Hndcp	Nett score
Mr W G Page	40	42	82	Scratch	82a
Dr D Macdonald	43	41	84	do	84
Mr D Carmichael	45	45	90	–6	84
Mr J Stiven	48	45	93	+2	95
Mr E F Nicholson	47	47	94	–2	92
Mr T J Murray	46	47	93	–6	87
Mr J Maclean	48	47	95	–6	89
Mr C E Nixon	45	52	97	–6	91
Mr W E Young	44	54	98	–6	92
Mr W Milne	49	49	98	–6	92
Mr R W Gray	54	46	100	Scratch	88
Mr V E Booth	50	50	100	–12	88
Mr R A English	48	52	100	–12	88
Mr A Stephen	49	52	101	–12	89

(a) Winner of medal and Handicap.

The other players had higher scores or gave in no cards.

The Competition next Thursday is the fourth Competition for the Forty-twa medal.

THE FULTA SHOOTING CASE.

The Fulta shooting case came up again before the District Magistrate of Alipore on the 9 inst., when six more native witnesses were called for the prosecution. They repeated in various forms the story of Surgeon-Captain Pearse having shot Kochi Khan in his own house.

Benjanath Chowdry, Assistant Surgeon, Diamond Harbour, spoke to having made a *post mortem* examination of the body. He stated that with the injuries which caused death the man would not have been able to walk at all, and would have fallen with the shot. The vessels of the heart and lungs were ruptured, and therefore he could not have walked. The injuries were caused before death, because after death there would not have been so much hemorrhage. Besides these shot wounds there was nothing to account for death. There was no disease. The body was a healthy one.

Russik Lall Mullick head constable, recalled, said there was no blood near the western door of Kochi Khan's house, nor on the ground. The mother-in-law of the deceased pointed out the spot where Kochi was shot. Witness did not mention to the Joint Magistrate that no blood marks were found, because he was not asked that question.

Mr. Wilcox, District Superintendent of Police recalled, said that he saw the field where the accused said the occurrence took place. The spot on the edge of the place where the accused said he fired was moist, and beyond the edge of the field it was hard.

The Magistrate intimated that this was all the evidence, except as regards the plan, and he did not know whether it was necessary to fix a day to prove it.

Mr. Pugh submitted that the plan would be absolutely necessary if the case was going to be tried. Of course there would be a waste of time in proving the plan, and it must be proved to be correct. There was a charge against Dr. Pearse, and if it was to be tried the witnesses would have to be cross-examined, and if it was not to be tried here it was waste of time in cross-examining them, so that if the Court had any very decided opinion one way or another it would be of great assistance to him if the Court gave him some inkling of its opinion at the present time.

The Magistrate: My opinion about the case is this. I think that all that has been said of Kochi Khan having been shot in the house is quite false; and that in the statement put forward by the accused there is a case which ought to go to the Sessions Court for trial.

Mr. Pugh: On the ground of having done a rash and negligent act?

The Magistrate: On the ground as to the right of private defence, which I think is far from having been proved, upon the accused's own statement.

Mr. Pugh: Then Your Honour would insist upon framing a charge under the culpable homicide section?

The Magistrate: Yes.

Mr. Pugh: If Your Honour resolves to do that I don't know whether you would take bail. I would ask you not to pass any orders until to-morrow morning.

The Magistrate: I was thinking of putting in the plan now, and adjourning the case till another day. I have no power, if a charge is framed, to release Dr. Pearse on bail.

Mr. Pugh. If Your Honour commits him either for culpable homicide, of under section 302 for murder, the case will have to go to the High Court. If, on the other hand, Your Honour frames a charge under section 304. (a), causing death by a rash and negligent act, it will go to the Sessions here. All cases of capital sentences are transmitted for life to the High Court. There was a committal from Patna lately to the High Court under section 447. There is, however, nothing at present to show how Kochi Khan came by his death, whether by shooting or not.

The Magistrate: We have the fact that he was shot by No. 3 shot. We have it in evidence that a shot was fired in a field in which the accused was shooting, and in which No. 3 shots were picked up in the immediate neighbourhood that the man was shot.

Mr. Pugh: There is a presumption, and if Your Honour thinks so, I need not take up, further time and I don't know whether there is any use discussing the point whether the charge ought to be under the rash and negligent act section.

The Magistrate: I shall hear anything you may have to say. It will be better to put the case off till the map is proved.

Mr. Pugh: I think this will be the best course.

The Magistrate: The simplest plan will be to adjourn the case till Monday, and arrange to have the plan properly made and proved. The District Magistrate will inspect the place, and compare the plan with the locality. If he does not find it correct he must make another one.

Mr. Pugh: You will allow me to discuss as to which charge ought to be framed.

The Magistrate: I will hear you then.

Mr. Pugh: This section 304 (a) is intended expressly to meet cases of careless shooting, or something like them.

The case was then adjourned.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

* Miss C Cameron, Nagpore
* Mr W Cole, Calcutta
* Mr R Williams, do
* Mr E Pearce, do
* Mr A Wessburg, Sweden
Capt and Mrs R Gimblett, Poona
Mr W Gray and Son, Australia
Dr F Naks, Japan
* Capt and Mrs H da Costa, Goa
* Capt and Mrs Holbeche, Portugal
* Miss da Costa, Portugal
* Mr and Mrs T Weir, ICS, London
* Mr C B Stephens, do
* Mr and Mrs J Berry-White, London
* Mrs A M Kerr, do
* Miss Kerr, do
* Mr Kerr, Jnr do
* Mr W G Newton, do
* Mr A Hill, Poona
* Capt M Cole, Nagpore
Mr and Mrs J Johnson, Fatehgarh
Mr Coupe-Smith, N-W P
Miss Behrens, do
Mr R H Fowker, Ooty
Mr J W Bourne, London
Mrs J W Andrews, Poona
Lieut C H Rankin, Portsmouth
Lieut G S Tweedie, do
* Capt A G Shelley, RE, Portsmouth
* Capt L J Shadwell, do
* Major H Finnis, RE, do
* Major and Mrs A Walsh, Portsmouth
Col and Mrs Hallam Parr, Portsmouth
* Mrs Gaffney, do
* Sergt-Major and Mrs Maclean, do

Lieut F E Henderson Portsmouth
Lieut A Imbert Terny, do
Lieut G Thomson, do
Lieut Z W Waddell, do
*Major H D Fanshaw, do
* Major and Mrs Borton, Porte mouth
* Capt S Crealock, do
* Capt F V Wing, do
Mr and Mrs J H Garstin, ICS, Madras
Miss Garstin, do
Mr R L Cumberland, Calcutta
Mr E R Jardine, Calcutta
Mr C P Fisher, Palanpore
Capt H R Donne, Europe
Lieut E Christian, Portsmouth
Mr S Cohn, Lahore
Mr G C Keary, M Hill
Mrs R Nicholson, Bombay
Mr J Neilson, do
Mr and Mrs R J Hunter, Bombay
Mr N L Vicary do
Mrs F Evans, do
Mr H B Smith, do
Mr P M Roberts, do
Mr F Brooks, do
Mr W Blackett, do
Mr S Ashjidan, do
Mr S Djhandioan, do
Mr W F Fry, do
Mr C Anderson, Jr, do
Mr C W Carson, do
Mr H S Corfield, do
Mr H J Robinson, do
Mr M A Baig, CS, do
Mr W H Marks, do
Mr F Pincds, do
Mr C Nesbitt, do
Mr N Mitchell, do
Mr J Midgley, do
Mr S Kiddle, do
Mr T Anderson, RIM, do
Mr J J Gasdar, BSo, do

Residents left during the week marked thus (*)

THE OPIUM COMMISSION.

The sittings of the Opium Commission commenced on 8th January in the Mint House at Benares. The first witness was Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Geoffrey Hall, Superintendent of the Central Prison, Allahabad, who stated that he had been in charge of the prison since 1886, and had only two demands from prisoners, one a European, confessing they were opium-eaters, and when taking a census found that 150 out of two thousand prisoners had taken opium when free. In his opinion the moderate use of opium was not only not harmful, but actually beneficial; and as an operating surgeon in eye cases he had made opium-eaters continue their opium. He found from inquiries that opium-eaters, and these were mostly old men, do not increase their daily dose averaging some eight grains. He had never been able to diagnose an opium-eater from his appearance, and did not think others could.

The Hon'ble Raja Rampal Singh, of Kalakankar, Partabgarh District, Oudh, had not noticed in moderate consumers any deceriotation, moral or physical; but when people addicted to its use gave it up they suffered. He instanced his own uncle as a case in point. He considered that it would be a great hardship to make people who used the drug moderately give it up. As a prosperous indigo-planter, he had found his tenants not so ready to sow indigo as poppy, which was more profitable, and the whole family could work at it. Its cultivation was very troublesome, which, besides the Government license, prevented many from cultivating. Its prohibition would cause loss to the cultivator, and consequently detrimentally affect landlords and the Government revenue, and the people would not be willing to bear any part of the cost of prohibitive measures.

Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel A. Cameron, Civil Surgeon of Benares and Superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum, said that in his service of 25 years he had come in contact with all classes and found that opium consumption was not confind to any particular class or caste, but among the rural population the number addicted to the habit is small, and the evil effects are practically nil. In large towns like Benares such is more noticeable, but not far from 20 per cent. of the population using the drug in some form or other, and Mahomedans more than Hindus. In Benares he was assured that there were few Mahomedan families in which one or two opium eaters or smokers were not to be found. Many women and children used it, besides men. As far as he could ascertain, insanity was rarely, if ever, traceable to opium, and, when suspected, it was found the insane had been addicted not only to opium, but ganja, alcohol and every other intoxicant within his reach. In his opinion, even when used moderately for non-medical purposes, the habit was not to be defended, and unless for some bodily ailment a man was better without it. The habitual use, except in the smallest quantities, caused emaciation, enfeeblement of the body, and sapped the energy and dulled the mental faculties; and the general opinion among natives was that when energy, alertness, clear head or good memory were required, an opium-eater was not to be trusted. He had noticed this in a clerk of his who took large doses, and suffered from bad memory. He was not in favour of putting difficulties in the way of people obtaining it either by greatly enhancing the price or by placing a heavy restriction on its sale; and in India it could not be treated as a poison, to be obtained only on the certificate of a medical man. He considered alcohol more harmful than opium, and had never heard of a man committing any crime through opium. Its prohibition would certainly cause discontent.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. McConaghey, Civil Surgeon of Allahabad, was of opinion that the habit had not spread to any great extent in these provinces, and the common people were more addicted to alcohol. The habitual moderate use of opium did not cause physical or mental degeneration, or tend to lower the moral condition of the people.

Pandit Shivram Panday Sarjooparina Vaid, of Allahabad, spoke as to the extent of physical and mental results of opium consumption, and condemned its habitual use, as rendering the mind unstable. People lost the power of discriminating between right and wrong, and also lost self-control, doing anything to get their dose of opium. He considered alcohol very injurious also; but the evil effects from it were of a different kind to those from opium. What he said against opium was on secular not religious grounds. He considered the prohibition of the sale of opium, for other than medicinal purposes the only mode of effecting real and lasting good; and that similar regulations as obtain with reference to the sale of arsenic and other poisons should be applied to it. The evil effects of opium were, he considered, transmitted to the succeeding generation.

Dr. E. J. Bennett, Secretary, Agent to His Highness the Maharaja of Vizianagram, had practised for forty years principally among natives, and observed that the use of opium as a preventive medicine and sustainer of the system was very common. The well-to-do classes used it largely, Mahomedans more than Hindus. The people were not adverse to its use for medicinal purposes, and did not believe that the present culture, preparation and sale should be interfered with. Under no circumstances would the people be willing to bear the cost of prohibitive measures, either in whole or in part. On the whole he was of opinion that the use of opium was more beneficial than harmful, and was only hurtful when used along with alcoholic drinks, ganja, &c. If prohibition could be carried into effect the result would be most disastrous, and apart from the loss of revenue there would be a great outcry, and more than dissatisfaction. The Commission might imagine what the consequences would be in England if Government prohibited the growing of hops, the preparing of malt and the brewing of beer, and how intensified such consequences would be in India, among a foreign and alien race, habituated to its use for centuries.

By Mr. Willson: As Vice-President of the Benares Temperance Society, the pledge of which is also against the use of opium among other intoxicants, how do you reconcile it with your opinion that on the whole opiumeating is more beneficial than harmful?

Answer: What I have stated in my evidence is my opinion on the whole opium question.

Mr. John Stalkartt, indigo-planter, Mirzapur district, from twenty year's experience as a planter in Behar and the Allahabad and Benares divisions, could with confidence say that poppy cultivation was much liked by the genuine cultivating classes, who gained their living solely by agriculture, as distinguished from others of who combined agriculture with other business; and was sure that any action of Government to stop their growing poppy would cause the greatest discontent and ill-feeling, if nothing worse. Some four or five years ago, when orders were issued to decrease the area under poppy, and the cultivation was closed in the two parganas in which his factories lie, the cultivators subscribed several hundred rupees among themselves and sent a deputation to Ghazipur, and appealed wherever it was possible; and there was much rejoicing and triumph when they were at last allowed to grow poppy again. He could only suggest a tax on tobacco, the cultivation of which was increasing largely in Behar and other districts, as an alternative, a very poor one, for the present opium monopoly, which, though it had its faults, was very suitable to the wants of the country. In conclusion he repeated as strongly as possible his belief that the closing of opium cultivation would cause the very gravest discontent, not perhaps in large towns and cities, but amongst the quiet, respectable cultivating classes, and the poorer labourers leaving in the villages.

Mr. G. R. Fox, landholder and planter of Gahmar, Ghazipur district, spoke of the advantages of opium cultivation from over 24 years' experience in the Ghazipur, Ballia, Shahabad and Azamgarh districts; and furnished statistics of the crops on his property in Ghazipur, showing that, as soon as the clause in the leases requiring the tenants to grow tobacco had been removed, the cultivation of it in three years had fallen from 152 bighas to 1, while poppy had increased from 64 to 130 bighas. Looked at in any light he could not too strongly deprecate any interference with the present opium revenue and cultivation.

The Rev. H. Lorbeer, German Lutheran missionary of Ghazipur, who out of 28 years in India had spent 21 years in Ghazipur, one of the largest opium-growing districts, said that he mixed and natived freely with the people, both in their villages and when they came in thousands for the weighments, had never heard them complain of being compelled to grow poppy; and though he was opposed to opium before he came to India as much as he was to spirits and other intoxicants, he had never seen any harm done by the moderate habitual use of opium, nor could he say that the people were demoralised by it. He did not consider that its use impeded the progress of Christianity in India. To prohibit opium would be to cause discontent and trouble, and besides, if increased taxation were thrown on them, he knew for certain that all the people of India would rise against that.

Raja Muhammad Salamat Khan, of Azamgarh, held that the use of opium by persons over 40 years of age was distinctly advantageous, as it tended to maintain the general health, though he was not prepared to say that it increased the physical powers and endurance of the consumer. It was an article of common medicinal use in the case of children, whom it was supposed to maintain in general health up to four or five years of age. Some of the members of his family who had it prescribed medicinally now use it habitually. It was not considered disreputable to consume opium, but he objected to *Chandul* and *madak* smoking. The cultivation was popular and profitable, and he saw no sufficient reason for interfering with its cultivation and consumption.

Miss Starmer, a large landed proprietor in the Azamgarh district, gave valuable evidence; and many opium cultivators from the estate came in with her to protest against their rights being interfered with. She was a resident proprietor, who assisted her father in his life time, and since his death in 1887 had personally managed the property, and possessed more influence over the tenants than any Government opium official ever could have. She had never heard of any cultivator being intimidated into sowing poppy, which is a paying crop, and at the last settlement of poppy land she had her assessment enhanced, so if its cultivation were prohibited it would be unjust, unless followed by an abatement of revenue. Her father and she objected to the use of any kind, whether in opium or alcohol; and did not allow any drink or *ganja* shops on the estate, nor the tapping of palm trees for toddy. She was aware that the people used opium in small quantities as a medicine and as a restorative; and to stop its cult vation and use would cause widespread dissatisfaction, as the motive would not be readily understood. They were living in the centre of the tract where there had been disturbances last June, and where considerable disquietude still prevailed; and she considered it would be a great mistake to attempt to enforce the prohibition of opium cultivation in the present unsettled state of the country.

Lieutenant-Colonel Bingham, Commanding the 13th Bengal Infantry, had been for 27 years in India and 25 years with the 13th, and before the recent reconstruction of the regiment over 100 men used opium. Now some sixteen men with the headquarters wing used it. The proportion of opium consumers was 50 per cent. among Sikhs, 20 per cent. among Raiputana Rajputs, and 5 per cent. among Rajputs of the eastern province and Bengal. He had known both native officers and men using the drug capable of enduring any amount of hardship and fatigue when they had their daily allowance, but utterly prostrated without it. These were excessive consumers. When the troops were going to Malta, a small quantity of opium was taken for use, and on occasions when difficulty in procuring the drug by men had arisen, he had despatched some for sale by the vendor. The majority of the men who join, take opium from childhood, and while admitting that it would be an advantage if there were no opium-eaters in the regiment, it would be an unpopular measure to prohibit its consumption, and would tend to cause great dissatisfaction amongst the men in the native army who are addicted to it.

Jemadar Sripal Singh, of the same regiment, stated that a large proportion of Rajputs took opium from childhood, but the majority from between 25 and 40 years, to render themselves able to endure extra fatigue and hardship, when feeling their powers declining with increasing years. He took it occasionally when fatigued of suffering from cold, but not always, as he did not want to habituate himself to it. If its sale were prohibited it would cause widespread suffering and discontent, particularly if followed by increased taxation

Munshi Daya Shanker, Principal Revenue Officer to the Maharaja of Benares, spoke against the excessive use of opium, and recommended greater discouragement to its sale; but considered that the total abolition of cultivation would result in more harm than good.

Lala Kashi Parshad, owner of 52 villages in the Fatehpur and Allahabad districts, considered that opium produced no bad moral or physical effects. Poppy cultivation was largely conducted in his Amindari, and was advantageous to all concerned. There was no compulsion required, and the zemindars did not receive higher rents for poppy lands; but a tenant who sublet his holding might get higher rent. No interest was paid on opium advances, and no penalty exacted from failure to cultivate. The cultivators found it easy to pay rents both of poppy and other lands from the profits of opium cultivation.

Mr. H. Sharpe, indigo planter of Rampur, Ghazipur district, who had written to the Commission on the subject, stated in his evidence that during the six years he had been living on the borders of the Ghazipur and Benares districts he had come to know the people intimately, and he held that opium was actually beneficial when taken in moderation, especially when the diet was of the plainest and cheapest, namely, milk and agricultural produce. Poppy was the best paying crop, and its suppression would probably create incalculable trouble, besides depriving the consumer of a necessary article, and giving him nothing in return.

This concluded the day's sitting of the Commission, which rose at 4 P. M.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON FRIDAY THE 12TH OF JANUARY, 1894.

1. The barometric readings are all corrected to Calcutta standard and reduced to the same temperature 32° and also to the sea level.

2. The 2nd column under the head Wind' gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade or in a small shed with open sides and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a.m.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rates of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

Stations.	Barometer, 8 A.M.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Rate per hour.	Temperature in shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity, 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Since 1st Nov. to date.	Variation, 1st Nov. to date.
Delhi	30·101	Calm	1	73·0	41·1	73	...	1·29	+0·68
Agra	30·145	N W	1	74·0	42·0	83	...	1·25	+0·9
Cawnpore	30·149	Calm	1	73·5	43·6	98	...	0·35	
Allahabad	30·135	Calm	1	74·4	44·2	94	...	0·64	–0·28
Jhansi	30·169	Calm	1	73·2	43·2	94	...	3·12	+1·09
Jacobabad	30·104	Calm	2	75·4	45·7	37	...	...	–0·02
Karachi	30·136	N E	8	78·9	56·0	99	...	0·73	+0·54
Jeypore	30·145	S W	3	77·0	50·5	60	...	0·68	+0·44
Ajmere	30·143	Calm	3	78·4	51·8	83	...	2·42	+2·10
Deesa	30·081	N	5	87·2	51·9	72	...	2·18	+2·03
Ahmedabad	30·115	E S E	5	85·0	50·0	56	...	1·76	...
Bhuj	30·036	Calm	5	85·4	56·0	56	...	0·27	+0·27
Rajkot	30·053	Calm	3	85·9	53·0	57	...	1·54	+1·19
Veraval	30·011	N E	4	83·0	69·0	59	...	2·28	...
Neemuch	30·130	E S E	4	81·8	48·9	54	...	2·41	+2·08
Indore	30·135	S	1	80·0	48·1	67	...	2·79	+2·08
Sangor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore	30·218	Calm	1	74·0	41·4	82	...	2·40	+0·95
Hoshangabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandwa	30·138	E	2	82·7	46·1	47	...	0·76	–0·44
Raipur	30·141	Calm	1	77·8	50·8	69	...	0·64	–0·41
Nagpur	30·109	Calm	4	79·3	50·6	48	...	3·08	+1·35
Amraoti	30·142	E	3	83·4	48·9	44	...	1·19	–0·76
Akola	30·113	S E	3	81·0	52·0	57	...	2·11	+0·64
Surat	30·047	N N W	5	89·1	55·9	46	...	0·77	+0·39
Malegaon	30·128	W N W	4	84·9	48·8	45	...	1·20	–0·07
Bombay	30·071	W S W	5	83·7	67·9	73	...	1·55	+0·38
Poona	30·153	Calm	5	84·5	51·6	45	...	2·03	+0·38
Aurangabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahad	30·133	E N E	5	81·3	52·3	43	...	2·48	...
Sholapur	30·133	E S E	5	86·2	53·6	51	...	0·28	–1·49
Ratnagiri	30·090	S S E	5	91·3	63·4	54	...	0·21	–0·53
Belgaum	30·089	N E	5	85·5	56·8	74	...	2·96	+2·97
Goa	30·052	E S E	9	85·5	68·0	70	...	4·07	...
Karwar	30·046	N E	1	89·8	65·1	70	...	2·78	–0·35
Bangalore	30·106	E N E	3	90·6	57·6	38	...	2·36	–0·43
Calicut	30·008	E N E	9	86·8	67·1	80	...	5·68	+1·69
Cochin	30·000	N E	M.	91·2	69·5	64	...	5·98	+1·76
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Second grade	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	30·148	E N E	4	79·7	54·1	62	...	3·82	+1·72
Masulipatam	30·055	N N E	4	81·6	64·1	80	...	17·36	+2·66
Bellary	30·125	S E	4	81·1	57·1	77	...	1·26

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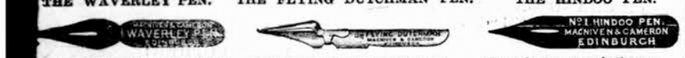

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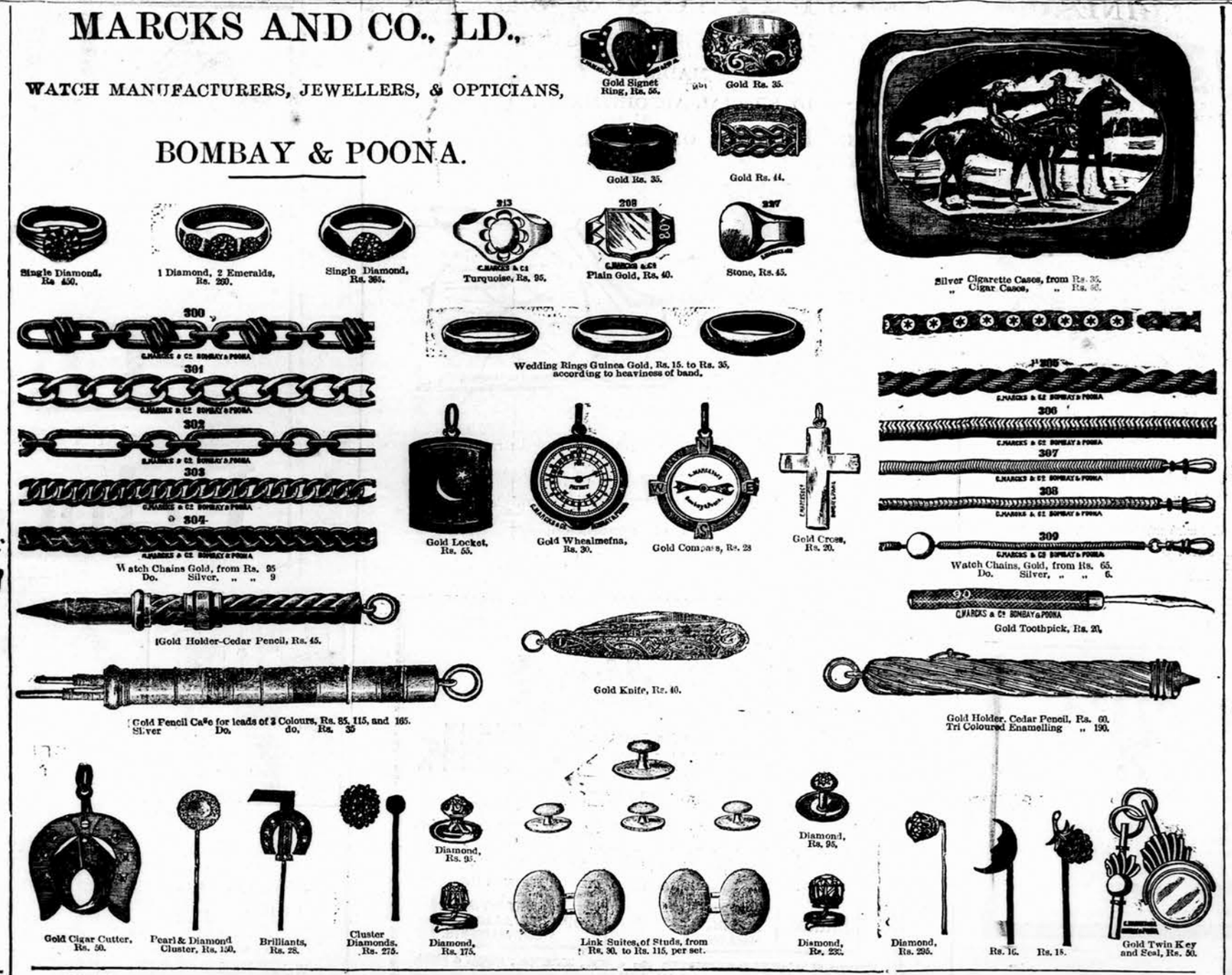

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"Mrs. W. H. GLADSTONE" September 4, 1890. and would like two Keyless sent her, 12s. 6d. each; also chain, C 2, 27s. 1 Pin and 2 Pearl Brooches. Mrs. Gladstone encloses a cheque for the whole amount.—Hawarden House."

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"Mrs. W. H. GLADSTONE" April 23, 1892. would like a Lady's Electric Gold Watch sent to enclosed address—
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Acknowledged to be the MOST RELIABLE TIMEKEEPERS ever produced. The movements are guaranteed well made and finished. Every Watch warranteed, regardless of price paid, and, if not approved, money returned.

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A MEAN GIFT IS NO GIFT.

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This £1,000 I have actually given away, and am now increasing the gift by presenting, free of charge, the 9th Edition of my Catalogue (now ready), containing 2,000 Testimonials, and Engravings of New and Fashionable Watches and Jewellery of every description, for 1893-4. It is a Work of Art, the Engravings being by those well-known artists, Aldridge and Tidy, R.A. This Catalogue has cost over £1,000 to produce. Send your name and address from any part of the world, and a copy will be sent gratis and post free.

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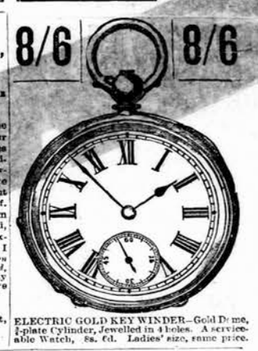
"Roman Hunt Villa, Ascot, "May 10, 1892."

8/6 8/6



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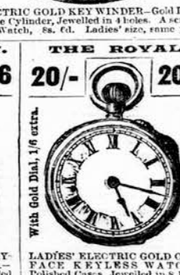

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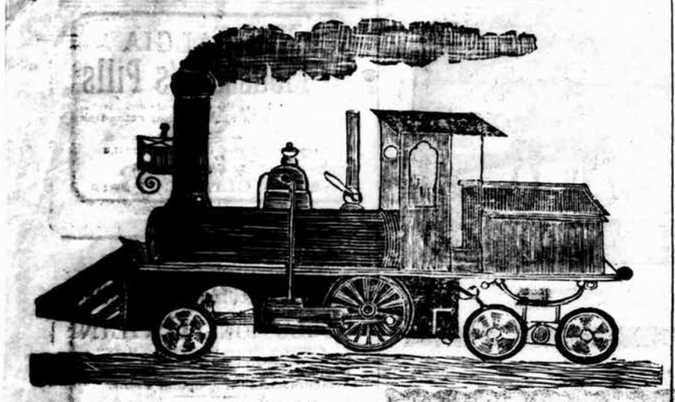

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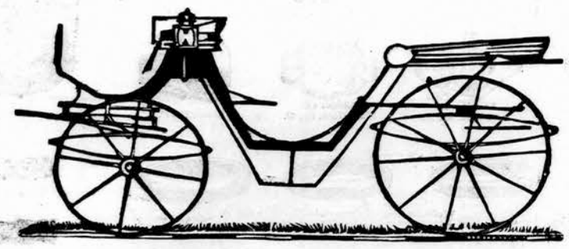

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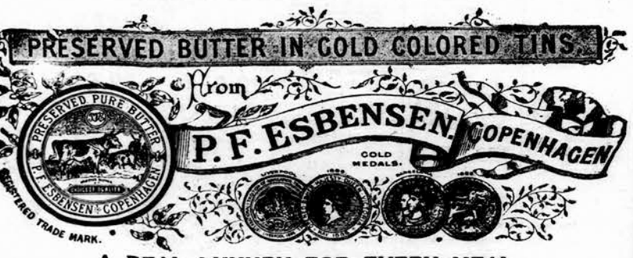

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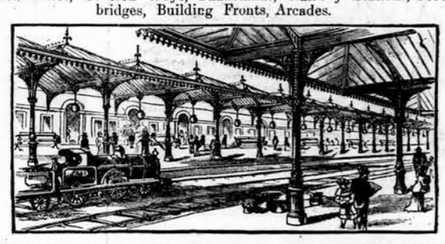

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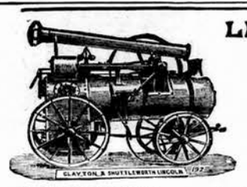

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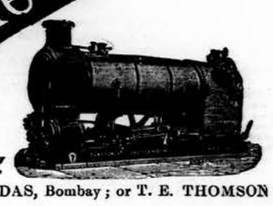

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